

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

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NUMBER 1.

The Difference

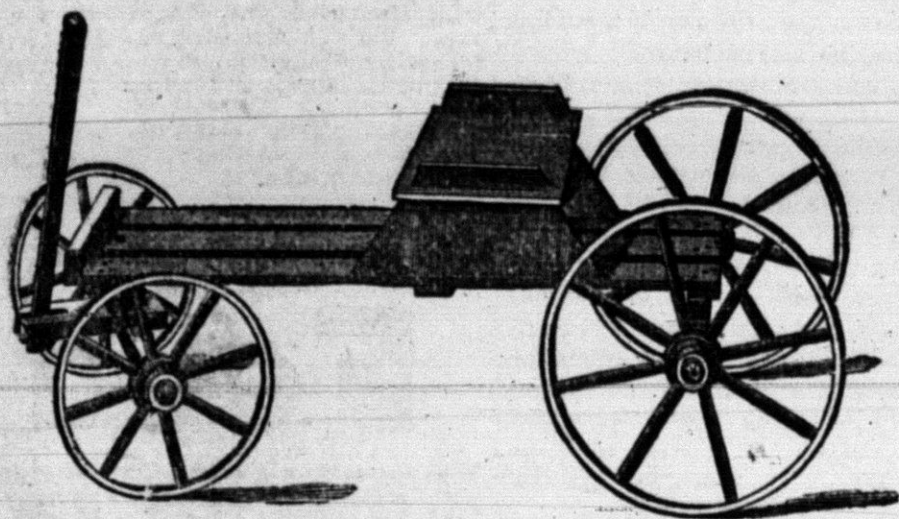
Between Clothing that is Right, and Clothing that is Not Right.

Which Do You Want?

There is an elegant and dressy quality about our clothing that can't be found everywhere. In selecting stock we consider how goods are made up.

If there was better clothing we should have it. Remember prices reduced from 25 to 33 1-3 per cent on suits that you could not duplicate at our regular prices.

Something for the Little Folks.



A Wagon Like This Given With Every Suit

Sold during this month. Bring your mamma here, where you can get a good suit cheap, and we will give you a wagon.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

Remember we have Standard Patterns. They are giving the best of satisfaction. Try them.

A FEW HAMMOCKS

At Reduced Prices to Close.

Also a full line of Granite Iron Ware at lower prices than ever before.

FURNITURE

At Bottom Prices all This Month.

W. J. KNAPP.

READY ON TIME.

Couldn't have been so without an accurate time-piece.

Whether it is a clock, watch or piece of jewelry you want, you can be sure of its reliability if you buy from us.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

Cheap Ice Cream

That is no story, "nit."

Cheap ice cream that is dear at any price, is better than ice cream advertised to be all sweet cream, with gelatine or gold flake in to take the place of sweet cream.

When in Chelsea call on

E. L. ALEXANDER

And get the best. Cheapest in price but Best in Quality.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

* Artistic Granite Memorials. *

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1863.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Detroit 2-8 Miller Ave.

Alva Freer.

Died, Monday, August 24, 1896, Mr. Alva Freer, aged 83 years.

Mr. Freer was born at Seneca, Yates county, N. Y. He removed to Benton, N. Y., after he was of age, and there married Phoebe Anna Streeter, who died about five years ago. In 1837 Mr. Freer removed with his wife to Michigan, locating in Lima, where he lived for 42 years. In July, 1874, he sold his farm and moved into Chelsea, where he has since resided. Two children survive him, Mrs. Jas. P. Wood and Mrs. C. H. Kempf.

The funeral took place from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. P. Wood Wednesday forenoon, Rev. Thos. Holmes officiating.

Thomas O'Neill.

On Tuesday, Aug. 18, 1896, Mr. Thomas O'Neill, an old and respected resident of Sylvan for more than fifty years, went to his eternal rest at the good old age of 95 years.

Mr. O'Neill was a native of Ireland, came to this country more than sixty years ago and settled in Sylvan. He was married twice, raised a family, but survived them all except two sons.

About a year ago Mr. O'Neill went to the Home for the Aged in Detroit to make a preparation for death. He was tenderly cared for by the good sisters, and was of such a genial temperament that he made many friends there.

His death was a beautiful and an edifying one, and he went cheerfully to meet his Lord and Master. His remains were brought to Chelsea and his funeral was held from St. Mary's church on Thursday, Aug. 20, 1896, at 10 o'clock, the Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. A large number of friends attended the solemn services, and Father Considine preached an appropriate and admirable sermon.

At Mr. O'Neill's request his remains were buried in Mt. Olivet cemetery, Chelsea. He will long be remembered as an agreeable, industrious old gentleman, who had his full share of misfortunes, but who met them courageously, and died a peaceful and a happy death. May his soul rest in peace.

Two Days of Sport.

The Sports Day Association announce two days of sport, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 2 and 3, 1896, at Recreation Park, Chelsea.

FIRST DAY.

Joint discussion by two of the most eloquent orators in Michigan, Hon. Chas. E. Townsend, on the St. Louis Platform, and Hon. Thos. E. Barkworth on the Chicago Platform. Come and hear an intelligent discussion.

One of the greatest cornet players in America, accompanied by one of the greatest lady cornetists, Mr. and Mrs. Louis F. Boos, of Jackson, will play choice selections on their instruments before and after the speaking.

Three-minute horse race, half-mile heats, best 2 in 3. Purse \$16; 1st \$8, 2nd \$5, 3rd \$3.

2:30 race, half-mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse \$30; 1st \$15, 2nd \$10, 3rd \$5.

SECOND DAY.

2:40 horse race called at 2 p. m. sharp, half-mile heats, best 3 in 5. Purse \$20; 1st \$10, 2nd \$6, 3rd \$4.

Bicycle race, half-mile dash, for Chelsea and vicinity cyclists. Purse \$6; 1st \$3, 2nd \$2, 3rd \$1.

Free-for-all horse race, best 3 in 5, half-mile heats. Purse \$30; 1st \$18, 2nd \$8, 3rd \$6, 4th \$4.

Boys' bicycle race, quarter-mile dash. Purse \$3.50; 1st \$2, 2nd \$1, 3rd 50c.

Champion ball game between Boiler Avenue Terriers and Weary Willies.

Foot race, 100 yards dash. Purse \$3; 1st 2, 2nd \$1.

Men's three-legged race. Purse \$2; 1st \$1, 2nd 75c, 3rd 25c.

Wheelbarrow race. Purse \$2; 1st \$1, 2nd 75c, 3rd 25c.

Bicycle race, mile dash. Purse \$10; 1st \$5, 2nd \$3, 3rd \$2.

Greased pig and everything to look and laugh at.

Good music.

Admission, 10 cents. Children under 12 years and teams free.

Entry fee for each horse race \$1. Pace or trot. Three to enter in each race, except free-for-all, four.

To accommodate passengers going east, train No. 14, at 9:45 p. m., will stop.

Dance at opera house Wednesday eve.

PRICE

Does not tell much in regard to the quality of

TEA AND COFFEE.

But after drinking one cup you know all about them. We invite every one to test our teas and coffees in this way. We have a large trade on these goods and have built it up by selling only the best at the

Lowest Prices.

Pure Spices and Pure Cider Vinegar.

These are in great demand just now. We have every thing in this line for pickling. Celery seed, white mustard seed, tumeric, curry powder, etc. We have just received a fine assortment of

Cutlery, Shears, Razors and Pocket Knives.

These are the finest goods made, and warranted in every way.

We are selling this week:

Full cream cheese 10 cents pound
Electric kerosine oil 9 cents gal.
19 pounds gran. sugar for \$1.00.
8 pounds whole, clean rice for 25c
7 cakes Jackson soap for 25 cents.
6 pounds English currents for 25c
Good tea dust 8c per pound.
Garden seeds of all descriptions
3 pounds fresh prunes for 25c
Strongest ammonia 4 cents per pint.
Good sugar corn 5 cents per can.
Good Alaska Salmon 10c per can

12 pounds best oatmeal for 25 cents.
10 bars good soap for 25 cents.
7 cans sardines for 25 cents.
5 pounds best crackers for 25c.
Poultry powder 15c per package.
Choice apricots 10c per pound.
Large choice lemons.
Try our 25c N. O. molasses
8 pound pails white fish for 35c.
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.
A first-class lantern for 29c.
Good Machine Oil 25c per gallon.
23 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
Best Herring 12c per box.

Glazier & Stimson

We Are Making Some Special Prices

On Granite Preserving Kettles, Pails, Wash Dishes, Pie Plates, Hammocks, Baby Carriages, Fruit Jars, Glassware, Crockery, etc.

HOAG & HOLMES

See our Lawn Chairs and Monarch Bicycles.

We Can't Help Keeping Ahead.

We satisfy the people. That's what tells the tale. Whatever you want to buy, buy it of the leaders in the business—men who have the facilities and low prices. Compare quality with quality, price with price, and you will be convinced that the place to buy your bread, cakes and confectionery is Neckel Bros. Our Ice Cream speaks for itself as to what is in it. Compare it with any made in Chelsea, and you will have no other.

Bread, 2 Loaves for 5 Cents.

NECKEL BROS.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the

Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop, Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

OCTOBER 14 to 16 the annual convention of the American Society of Municipal Improvement will be held in Chicago. This is an organization composed of municipal officials in all parts of the country.

A GERMAN doctor, who has been collecting information about the habits of long-lived persons, finds that the majority of those who attained old age indulged in late hours. Eight out of ten persons over 80 never went to bed till well into the small hour, and did not get up again until late in the day.

THE prospective visit of the czar to Breslau and Goelitz in order to witness the big fall maneuvers is considered of prime political importance. German politicians claim that the czar's presence at their maneuvers and the attendant fetes means a guarantee of peace and a check to the ambition of France.

THE big general maps of the United States, issued by the general land office for this year, have just been issued. The result of the work of engraving and printing is one of the most complete and finely executed sets yet issued by the government. The contract price is 62 cents each to the government.

A PORTABLE crematory for military purposes is to be introduced into continental armies. It has the appearance of an army baking oven, but is much higher and heavier, and is drawn by eight horses. It is intended for the disposal of the soldiers killed in battle, so as to avoid the danger of epidemics from the burial of great numbers of men.

KHEDIVE ABAS of Egypt is declared to be on the point of abdication. He is rich and would infinitely prefer to live as his own master in Vienna or Paris than to continue in his present state of bondage. According to authoritative reports, he is at the present time haggling with the English government about the allowance he is to receive if he abandons his throne.

ONE of the most remarkable echoes in the world is that produced by the suspension bridge across the Menai Straits, in Wales. The sound of a blow with a hammer on one of the main piers is returned in succession from each of the crossbeams which support the roadway; in addition to which the sound is many times repeated between the water and the roadway, at the rate of 28 times in five seconds.

THE richest gold placer mines of Alaska have been transferred to Canadian territory and miners are now paying miners' tax to British authorities. The territory in question is from three to eight miles in width, and embraces the rich placer claims on Glacier and Miller creeks, which heretofore were supposed to be in Alaska territory. The transfer of territory is the result of resurveys recently made.

THE voracity of the eagle and similar birds of prey is well known to naturalists, but it has been left to a Swiss hunter to define exactly the variations which take place in its daily menu. In a nest in the Alps, side by side with an eagle, he found a hare freshly killed, 27 chamois feet, four pigeons feet, 30 pheasants feet, 11 heads of fowls, 18 heads of grouse, and the remnants of rabbits, marmots and squirrels.

THE total amount of silver dollars coined from 1792 to 1873 (when the coinage was discontinued) was 8,031,233. The amount coined from 1873 (when the coinage was restored by the Bland-Allison act) to June 30, 1896, was \$430,790,041. Of the \$430,790,041 coined since February, 1878, there are now in the treasury \$378,614,043, and the silver outside of the treasury is \$52,174,998. Silver certificates to the amount of \$342,618,504 have been issued against that amount of silver dollars in the treasury.

THE underground electric railroad in London has proved so satisfactory that Londoners are now asking why they can not be relieved of the intolerable nuisance of the sulphurous and unwholesome fumes in which they have to pass the portion of the day occupied in going to and from business on the old Metropolitan railroad. This underground road has hitherto been equipped with soft-coal steam locomotives. It is expected that this will soon be really an electric line, and it is said that investigations are now being made with a view of devising.

THE emigration bill which will be introduced in the reichstag at the opening of the session is now drafted. A pan-American federation and a colonial council have been the determining factors in its framing. A central emigration bureau, assisted by an emigration council, will be created, emigration agents will be especially licensed, false information to emigrants as to their prospects will be made a punishable offense, and the encouragement of emigration among minors under certain conditions will be made punishable by imprisonment and a fine.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

Carl Schmidt, a pioneer citizen of Acheson, Kan., blew his head off with a shotgun because the Missouri river destroyed his farm.

While bathing in the St. Joseph river at Niles, Mich., George Goddard, aged 12 years, and Martin Flannigan, aged 16, were drowned.

From official information received by the treasury department from 21 countries the coinage of silver during the calendar year 1895 amounted in the aggregate to \$113,672,200.

In the national lawn tennis tournament at Newport, R. I., the championship in doubles was won by C. B. and K. S. Neel, of Chicago.

J. H. Tucker, a farmer, shot and killed Elisha Downs, another farmer, near Red Hill, Ky., because Downs had alienated the affections of his wife.

While drunk Henry Wild, a peddler, aged 46 years, shot and killed his wife at Louisville, Ky., and then committed suicide.

Eugene Burt, who murdered his wife and two children at Austin, Tex., about six months ago, was arrested in Chicago.

The president will receive Li Hung Chang August 31. Li will not go to Gray Gables, nor will the reception take place in Washington. It is probable that it will occur in New York.

Advices received in Philadelphia say that ten men of the crew of 21 of the British bark Flora Stafford, which was burned at sea several weeks ago, perished.

A panther killed two children named Allen near Mansfield, Mo.

Five men were reported killed and others injured by a falling cage in the St. Lawrence mine, near Butte, Mont.

Heavy rains in southern Iowa and throughout Missouri and Arkansas did damage to fruit, cotton and other growing crops.

The mansion of Frederick Faulkner at Belvidere, Mass., was burned to the ground with all its contents, entailing a loss of \$125,000.

By the overturning of an engine on the C. & S. railroad at Canton, O., Engineer Joseph Kirk and Fireman John Hardesty were killed.

The Archer & Panoast company of New York was placed in the hands of a receiver. Their liabilities are over \$800,000.

Two inches of snow fell on the summit of Mount Washington in New Hampshire.

Three waterspouts furnished a grand spectacle for the people at Martha's Vineyard, Mass.

The president has appointed Col. Charles G. Sawtelle to be quartermaster general of the army, vice Gen. Batchelder, retired.

A Rock Island freight train was wrecked near Topeka, Kan., and B. H. Mills, G. T. Canfield, E. H. Mendanhall and an unknown man were killed.

A fire that started in Lewis' dry goods store in Columbus, Ga., destroyed property valued at \$150,000.

The body of Paul Rose, a wealthy Weld county (Cal.) cattleman, who was murdered recently by a cattle rustler, was found buried in the sand near the Colorado-Nebraska line.

The nineteenth annual convention of the American Bar association commenced in Saratoga, N. Y.

Frank Biles, a half-breed Indian, was lynched by a mob at Austin, Wash., for assaulting a young girl named Richardson.

Lillie Smith, 14-year-old daughter of Alfred H. Smith, living near Perry, O. T., committed suicide by cutting her throat with her father's razor. Her lover going with another girl was the cause.

A young German was barred from citizenship in Washington by Judge Cole because he could not read the English language.

The family of George Blase, a market gardener in St. Louis, were dying of glanders, having contracted the disease from a horse used by Blase.

Richard Botfield and William I. Gordon, aged inmates of the National Soldiers' home in Milwaukee, fell down the steps of the main building and were so badly hurt that they died shortly afterward.

The largest cave in the world has been found under the town of Hudson, Mo., and it is lined with pure onyx.

Fire created a panic in the county infirmary at Van Wert, O., two of the inmates being fatally burned and the building totally destroyed.

Fire destroyed the residence of John Feibach at Watertown, S. D., and he and two of his daughters were burned to death.

Lord Russell, England's chief justice, spoke on international arbitration before the American bar association at their convention in Saratoga, N. Y.

A cloudburst in New Mexico did great damage to property at Mogollen and Graham and several lives were lost.

A call has been issued by the liquor dealers throughout the United States for a national convention to be held at Cleveland on August 31 to take measures to relieve the liquor market, which is overburdened.

Prairie fires were raging in the Chickasaw nation. Dwellings, fences and hay were destroyed, aggregating a loss of thousands of dollars.

The various nonpartisan silver and bimetallic clubs of the United States will hold a national convention in Chicago September 23.

James M. Woolworth, of Omaha, Neb., was elected president of the American Bar association in session at Saratoga, N. Y.

The Susquehanna Waterpower and Paper company of Belair, Md., went into the hands of receivers, their total indebtedness being \$300,000.

Willie Gray (colored), 18 years old, was hanged at Mobile, Ala., for the murder of John Lynburg on February 15.

George W. Anderson, who cut his wife's throat at their home near Atlanta, Ga., on the 27th of May last, was hanged at Macon.

A thief entered the American national bank at Kansas City, Mo., and stole \$2,000 in bills.

The little sailing craft Sozodont which left New York May 21 manned by Capt. Charles Olsen and his brother for a voyage across the sea, was reported lost.

The bank of Wymore, Neb., closed its doors.

Rev. F. Frederick Bliss, of Chicago, is the projector of an excursion of American Sunday-school children to Jerusalem in 1900.

Filemaker, the celebrated horse which held the world's record for high jumping, died at Galveston, Tex. He was valued at \$10,000.

Bert Barrett has arrived at Belvidere, Ill., from Oakland, Cal., on his bicycle, making the trip of 2,500 miles in 35 days.

Mr. Preston, director of the mint, is endeavoring to increase the monthly coinage of gold and silver at all the mints.

Joe Patchen lowered the world's stallion record at Portland, Me., making a mile in 2:03.

There were 280 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 21st, against 298 the week previous and 222 in the corresponding period of 1895.

Prof. Lamson's flying machine floated through the air to a height of 500 feet at Old Orchard, Me., and when the ropes parted settled slowly and gracefully to the earth.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 21st aggregated \$812,957,866, against \$49,061,266 the previous week. The decrease compared with the corresponding week in 1895 is 10.3.

Walfred G. Anderson committed suicide on a steamer between Portland and Boston. He was over \$1,000 short in his accounts as Boston manager of the E. A. Johnson ticket agency.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Miss Abigail Hamilton Dodge—"Gail Hamilton," the famous author—died at Hamilton, Mass., aged 66 years.

Rev. J. B. Smith, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion's church of Troy, N. Y., is dead. He was the editor and proprietor of the Echo, the organ of the colored men.

Delaware democrats in state convention at Dover nominated a ticket headed by E. W. Tunnell, of Sussex, for governor.

It is announced that Maj. McKinley will not take the stump during the campaign.

The national prohibitionists in Kansas met at Topeka and nominated Henry Douthitt, of Hiawatha, for governor.

Prof. F. Nicholls Crouch, author of "Kathleen Mavourneen," died suddenly at Portland, Me., aged 88 years.

Nationalists in state convention at Waupaca, Wis., nominated Robert Henderson for governor.

Nominations for congress were as follows: Rhode Island, First district, George T. Briggs (national); Second district, E. S. Pierce (pop.); Kentucky, Second district, C. D. Bell (pop.); Missouri, Fourth district, George C. Crowther (rep.) renominated. Tennessee, Eighth district, T. W. Sims (dem.).

At a mass meeting in Madison Square garden, New York, Hon. W. Bourke Cockran made reply to the speech of William Jennings Bryan delivered in the same amphitheater a week ago.

The democratic state committee of South Dakota met at Mitchell and decided to endorse the populist state ticket and the nominees of the Chicago convention—Bryan and Sewall.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: Delaware, at large, L. Irving Handy (pop.); Iowa, Eleventh district, A. Van Wagener (dem.); Maryland, Fifth district, Sidney E. Mudd (rep.); Michigan, Seventh district, H. G. Snover (rep.); Minnesota, First district, P. Fitzpatrick (dem.); Nebraska, Fifth district, W. H. Thompson (dem.); New York, Twenty-eighth district, S. E. Payne (rep.); Pennsylvania, Sixteenth district, H. B. Packer (rep.).

Flora Finlayson, one of the best-known singers in the United States, died from apoplexy at San Francisco.

Chairman Bynum, of the "found money" national democratic executive committee, says a third ticket will surely be nominated at Indianapolis on September 2.

Nominations for congress were made as follows: Iowa, First district, Sabert M. Casey (pop.); Seventh, Frank Evans (pop.); Kentucky, Third district, John S. Rhea (dem.); Nebraska, Third district, Samuel Maxwell (dem.); Fifth, R. D. Sutherland (dem.); North Carolina, Third district, John E. Fowler (pop.); Sixth, Charles H. Martin (pop.); Seventh, Samuel J. Pemberton (dem.).

Ex-Congressman R. W. Dunham, of Chicago, died of apoplexy at Springfield, Mass., where he had gone on a visit.

The funeral of Miss Mary Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton) took place from her late home in Hamilton, Mass.

Democrats in state convention at Fort Worth, Tex., nominated a ticket headed by C. A. Culbertson for governor.

Olivia Susan Clemens, eldest daughter of Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), died at her home in Hartford, Conn., aged 24 years.

It is said that Mr. Watson, populist candidate for the vice presidency, will not be officially notified of his nomination for that place.

The prohibition state convention at Syracuse, N. Y., nominated William W. Smith, of Poughkeepsie, for governor.

The Illinois nationalists in convention at Decatur nominated Isaac W. Higgs, of Chicago, for governor and Daniel R. Sheen, of Peoria, for United States senator.

Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee, has established national headquarters at the Auditorium in Chicago.

W. J. Bryan will be notified in Lincoln, Neb., of his nomination by the silver party for president of the United States.

Congressional nominations were made as follows: Missouri, Thirteenth district, George Steel (rep.); North Carolina, First district, Harry Skinner (pop.); Fourth, P. L. Massey (rep.); Seventh, R. L. Doughton (pop.); Tennessee, Second district, W. V. Sullivan (dem.); Fourth, Charles H. Whitney (rep.); Fifth, W. W. Erwin (pop.).

FOREIGN.

Work has been commenced in London on the first underground electric railway in the world.

The London News says that further diplomatic correspondence shows that the sultan is responsible for the Armenian outrages, and that over 100,000 Armenians were killed.

The first session of the eighth parliament of Canada met in Ottawa.

Pearce Atkinson, the young man from Evanston, Ill., who was supposed to have been killed and horribly cut to pieces by Spanish soldiers in Cuba, has turned up alive and well in the province of Pinar del Rio on that island.

Senor Alonzo has been proclaimed president of the republic of Bolivia. There is universal satisfaction expressed because of the prospect of a long-continued peace.

Cuban filibustering expeditions continue to land on the island, notwithstanding the activity of the Spanish warships.

It is estimated that the Cuban war is costing Spain \$300,000 daily.

John Daly, the Irish dynamiter, who has been serving a life sentence in Portland prison, has been released.

While a number of men were blasting in a rockcut near Parry Sound, Ont., a heavy charge of dynamite prematurely exploded instantly killing three men.

Russia claims the sole right of jurisdiction over Behring sea, but the United States will not abandon the American claim.

The insurgent Cretons have raised a flag at Zipopoulo emblematic of the union of Crete with Greece.

LATER.

A farmhouse near Hobart, Ill., was struck by lightning, and Jeremiah Smith and his wife and child were killed and the house was burned to the ground.

The Ihmsen Glass company at Pittsburgh, Pa., went into the hands of a receiver with liabilities of \$115,000.

Prof. Nicolls F. Crouch, the author of "Kathleen Mavourneen," was buried at Loudin Park cemetery in Baltimore. The choir sang his famous song at the grave.

Mrs. Robert Maxwell and her three-year-old child were killed by the cars near Clare, Mich.

It is said that the resignation of Hoke Smith as secretary of the interior, to take effect September 1, has been accepted by President Cleveland.

During an electrical storm 14 barns in Huntington county, Ind., were struck by lightning and destroyed.

An incendiary fire started in the Exposition building and in the covered half-mile track at the Buffalo (N. Y.) Driving park simultaneously caused a loss of \$200,000.

By a freight wreck on the Northern Pacific near Horse Plains, Mont., four men were killed.

A severe windstorm visited the states of Illinois and Iowa and several lives were lost and much property destroyed. Samuel Reinheimer, of Cameron, one of the largest merchants in West Virginia, failed for \$150,000.

It is announced that ex-President Harrison will make a campaigning tour of the east and middle states.

Mrs. H. Phillips and Mrs. S. Quaife and her two children lost their lives in a fire at Huntsville, Ont.

It is estimated that 6,000 Christians have been butchered in Crete since November last.

During a row at a negro dance near Lebanon, Ky., George May shot and killed Charles Warner, Charles Pipes and Bud Hardin.

John Chamberlain, of Washington, the famous hotel man, died in Saratoga, N. Y., aged 60 years.

Three children, Austin Wormsley, Bertha Cropp and Blanche Cole, were killed by the cars at Meadville, Pa.

The percentage of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 23d is as follows: Baltimore, .686; Cincinnati, .673; Cleveland, .624; Chicago, .571; Pittsburgh, .564; Boston, .539; Brooklyn, .460; Philadelphia, .456; New York, .451; Washington, .380; St. Louis, .317; Louisville, .258.

Good News from South Dakota.

The glorious results of this season's harvest of golden grain will pour a stream of sound money into the pockets of every Dakota farmer.

South Dakota has thousands of acres of choice farming and ranch land lying east of the Missouri river, and within one day's ride from Chicago or Milwaukee, which can now be bought reasonably cheap, but which before the end of another year may be advanced in price.

The stock raising industry in South Dakota is profitable, and eastern capital is growing in that state.

Diversified farming, the growing of live stock, and the products of the dairy, are among South Dakota's foremost industries.

Those desiring full information on the subject, and particularly those who wish to seek a new home or purchase land, are requested to correspond with W. E. Powell, General Immigration Agent, 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill., or H. F. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 26 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Sun—"Do you believe in long engagements?" Ho—"Well, I think an engagement should be long enough to test a man's constancy and to give the girl time to learn to cook."—Brooklyn Life.

Dishonored Drafts.

When the stomach dishonors the drafts made upon it by the rest of the system, it is necessarily because its fund of strength is very low. Toned with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, it soon begins to pay out vigor in the shape of pure, rich blood, containing the elements of muscle, bone and brain. As a sequent of the new vigor afforded the stomach, the bowels perform their functions regularly, and the liver works like clock work. Malaria has no effect upon a system thus reinforced.

When a painter claims to use nothing but first-class material, and yet mixes his paints with lye and water, water lye he is.—Texas Sifter.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver, and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches, and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

JAGLETS—"Who invented work, Bill?" Raglets—"I don't know, but he ought to stayed and finished it."—Truth.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 50c.

Feed Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1.

Hood's Pills are always reliable. 25 cents.

WHAT LINE

made the rate one cent per mile to St. Paul for the THIRTIETH ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R.?

WHAT LINE

alone granted a return limit of thirty days on all tickets to the next Encampment at St. Paul?

WHAT LINE

deserves the united support of all the members of the Grand Army and their hosts of friends?

WHAT LINE

will you patronize? Under these circumstances, other things being equal, surely it will be the

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

"Maple Leaf Route"

F. H. LORD, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

WE Want a Live Business House

to take our samples and receive orders for Merchant Tailor Made Garments

Best Work—Lowest Prices. Address JACOBS BROTHERS, 15 to 21 Lafayette Place, NEW YORK CITY.

WANTED--AGENTS

McKINLEY and BRYAN

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. 1 2 MICHIGAN.

NIGHT.

Oh, lovely night, thou comest with a blessing
To weary souls grown restless with despair.
Thou bringest gentle sleep to close their eyelids,
And banish for awhile each haunting care.
Like a tired child upon its mother's breast
They lay them down and gently, sweetly rest.
Sleep brings them dreams of happy youth and childhood
Of pleasant journeys in fair summer lands.
They see again old friends, long since departed;
They feel once more the touch of vanished hands.
Sickness and sorrow, poverty and pain
Are gone until the morning dawns again.
The rich, the happy, love the golden sunshine,
The young and gay, the prosperous seek the light.
But the forsaken ones, the broken-hearted,
Find solace, peace and comfort in the night.
For night brings sleep, and sleep brings visions fair,
Or blissful oblivion of all pain and care.
—L. M. Lancaster, in Chicago Record.

A PUNCTURED TIRE.

I defy anyone to produce a more perfect specimen of the bicycle kind than I was when I left the manufacturers' on a beautiful May morning just two months ago. You can find my description in any of the little books distributed by our firm, and should you look it up, you will discover that my picture occupies the place of honor on the second page under the heading, in large, black letters: "A High Grade Ladies' Wheel," the high grade, of course, applying to me and not to the ladies.

They were proud of me at the shops; indeed, I think there was something about my graceful frame and polished enamel finish that made me stand out as one apart from the thousands of other wheels around me. The first journey I took was when I left my native city and was shipped with many companions to Washington.

I liked this beautiful capital city of yours, and longed for a spin on the smooth asphalt pavements, but it seemed for a time that I was doomed to disappointment.

I was taken to the bicycle school, where I spent most of my days watching the strange antics of beginners, the earnest efforts of those who had taken several lessons, and the lofty, though sometimes uncertain, air of the ones almost ready to ride in the street.

In all of this I had no part, I was a new wheel, and must wait quietly until purchased. Sometimes my indignation would be aroused by the rough treatment bestowed upon the poor old machines, on which the beginners were taught, by their inexperienced riders. How they slammed those wheels around! Why, often I have seen the ground strewn with riders with the overturned wheels underneath them. Sometimes, though, the wheel got on top, and then the rider usually was hurt a little. Then again, some few of the wheels who had not lost all their spirit would get tired of the endless jerking and clutching, and spin around the track until the scholar became paralyzed and helpless with fear, and then plunge through an open gate or up a brick wall, with the rider screaming: "Instructor! Instructor! Help!" Those were risky tricks, though, for you stood an even chance of getting hurt yourself.

Day after day I watched these sights until I was weary of it all, and beyond making a firm resolution to throw myself down a precipice before descending to such work, I did nothing for several weeks. At last one beautiful morning—I remember well it was May 19—the manager of the place came in the park, accompanied by a very pretty girl and an older lady whom I took to be the girl's mother.

They came over to the track in which I stood and drawing me out he said: "Here is exactly what you want, miss; there is not a finer wheel in the city. Look at that frame, good and strong, beautifully finished. Light weight, just lift it, not 25 pounds, all the bearings turned from tool steel—" The girl's pretty face was a study as she looked me up and down in an anxious effort to find the different parts to which the manager referred so glibly.

"I like it," she said at length, "don't you, mother? You see," turning to the man, "I have been about a month trying to buy a wheel. I thought it would be quite easy, but we have had a dreadful time. Besides having gone to about 20 places ourselves we have had at least 30 agents, who heard we wanted a wheel, come after us, and the most puzzling part of it all is that each one says all the others are perfectly worthless. So mother and I made up our minds to give them all the slip, and that is why we came here this morning. Let us take this wheel, mother."

The mother approached me, tried to look critical, gave me a gentle shake, and said:

"Well, it seems to be a good strong one. I do hope you won't have any accidents."

That very afternoon I was sent to my

new home, a magnificent brown stone on Connecticut avenue, and in a few days I knew all about the family, for gossip is rife in the servants' hall, in a little room adjoining which I was kept. My young mistress was named Bessie Bainbridge, she was the only—and needless to say overindulged—child of wealthy parents, and just now, of course, she was suffering from a bad case of bicycle fever.

Almost every evening after dark the devoted father and mother would sit out on the porch and watch Bessie and me struggle up and down the street. A young friend of hers was teaching her to ride, and of all patient and devoted instructors that handsome man took the lead. He was a nice fellow, too, and never seemed too hot or tired to invent suitable answers to the parents' endless questions as to why Bessie couldn't ride along like the other girls did, and what made the wheel wobble so, wasn't something the matter, and hadn't they better go back to the man and complain, and was he sure there was no danger. The last time Bessie had run into the tree box it looked from where they sat as though she might have had a serious fall if he hadn't caught her in time.

As I say, he was wonderfully patient, for Bessie, to tell the truth, was very stupid and had a silly little way of grabbing one of my handle bars tightly and throwing all her weight on that same side, which was enough to make any self-respecting wheel turn her over in the gutter. I must confess I did this numberless times, and also played a few other little tricks on her, one of which—turning into the pavement when the rider is trying to mount and turn you out—is a great favorite among the ladies' wheels.

Later on, however, I got to like Bessie, who was as clever off a wheel as she was stupid on, and Bob, as they called the young man, was my friend from the first.

So in about a week we began to make a most harmonious trio, and then Bob would bring his own wheel around, and that made pleasant company for me.

One thing I objected to from the first, and Bob agreed with me, I think, was a friend of Bessie's who came to the house almost every night and sat with her parents calmly sipping some cool drink, and encouraging us by calling out from time to time how such and such a thing might be avoided, or how to act under certain circumstances. Then he would add to the comfort of the parents by a low remark to the effect that "Bob Richards didn't know a thing about a wheel," and sometimes he would keep Bessie's courage up by promising to take her for some long rides as soon as she had mastered the wavy bicycle.

I didn't like him and Bob didn't, and Bessie—well, we couldn't tell about her. I only know after we had put in an hour's exhausting labor she would go off to rest, and, leaving Bob to see to me, would run up the steps to ask if Mr. Meredith didn't think she was doing better, and wasn't it entirely Bob's fault that she fell over that last time; she thought he had hold of the wheel, and when she found he hadn't, of course she fell off, and it was a mean trick to play her! And then the whole party berated poor Bob, whose sole offense seemed to be a desire to hasten her progress.

Bob never would say a word in his own behalf, but I used to even up matters by going very carefully when I felt him let go, until Bessie would cry out in delight: "Oh, look at me! I am riding beautifully!" and Mr. Meredith would say, languidly: "Bravo! Now remember what I told you about the pedals." And then I would lose my temper and stop suddenly in a bit of mud, and off would go Bessie before you could say Jack Robinson.

She didn't know a thing about making herself mistress of a wheel. All



TEACHING HER TO RIDE.

she wanted was to sit on and ride. She was one of those girls who will never manage anything unless, may be, a husband.

"All things come to him who waits!" And so, at length, Mr. Meredith, who had been doing the waiting to perfection, had Bessie come to him with the glad news that she could ride splendidly now, and couldn't they make up some parties and go out on the road? They had several very pleasant rides. Occasionally there would be quite a crowd, but very often we went only four, Bessie with Mr. Meredith and Bob relegated to her chum, a Miss Grey, who really was a beautiful rider.

I did not like this arrangement, as Mr. Meredith rode one of those gaudy, conspicuous affairs that no really nice wheel would wish to be seen with in the street, but Bessie and I were quite friendly about that time, and I was trying to please her by giving as little trouble as possible.

Before long Bessie became convinced of the idea that she was a famous rider, and suggested that we all take a trip out to Cabin John bridge. I heard Bob advise her to try a shorter run first, but then Mr. Meredith came up and said it would be delightful, and of course Miss Bessie could do it easily; there wasn't a better rider in the city, and he fixed on the next day for the trip.

The next day dawned clear and warm, and we set out about 4:30 o'clock. I must admit that Bessie looked as pretty as a picture in her dainty suit, with its many buttons, and jaunty cap. Before we started Bob came up to me, as he always did, to see that all my parts were secure and firm, and that no pebbles or bits of dirt were scratching against my chain. He did not look particularly pleased over the trip, and, indeed, I fully agreed with him that it was far too long for Bessie to attempt.

At length we were spinning merrily along. I was determined to act my best, so took the lead, with that circus wheel of Mr. Meredith's, leaving Bob



"I REALLY CAN'T FACE THOSE COWS."

and Miss Grey to follow. All went well for about four miles, and then Bessie began to weaken. She was tired, very tired, as I could easily tell by the feeble way she pushed on my pedals, but she was determined not to give up before Mr. Meredith and own Bob right—oh, no!

Suddenly she gave a cry, something between a gasp and a scream. "Oh, look—in front of us—see that drove of cows!"

"They won't hurt you," said Mr. Meredith, in a superior way. "Come on."

"But my wheel—it always—always shies at cows," gasped poor Bessie.

Mr. Meredith's lip curled. "I really can't face those cows," said Bessie, again, between gasps. "Lella, come and ride in front—then you and Mr. Meredith can run into them first!"

I gladly slowed up in pursuance of this idea, for Bessie was too tired to have the slightest control over me, and dropped behind with Bob.

"Bessie, you are tired to death," he exclaimed, indifferently.

"I'm not," replied Bessie, furious at once. "But I'm afraid of those cows; wait till you see how this wheel shies!" "Keep it pointed straight, and I believe it will go by all right," said Bob, soothingly. "Let us get off and rest, I am as tired as—"

"No, I won't get off; I'm not a bit tired."

"Take the center of the road, then," said Bob, as we neared the meek-looking cows. "They can't hurt you. I'm on their side; don't go up on the path, or you'll get a puncture, sure."

That gave me an idea. Bessie was tired out and too proud to own it. She would certainly fall off if she did not get down in a few minutes. A puncture would be an excellent excuse for resting. Then, again, she had said twice that I shied at cows—well, I would make her words true.

Without further hesitation I ran down a little incline in the road and made for the bypath Bob had warned us of.

Crunch, crunch, biff! A silvery feeling along my tire, an agonized cry from Bessie. "Oh, Bob! Bob! Look; I told you!"

In a moment Bob was beside us and had lifted her to the ground.

"Your tire is punctured," he said, briefly. "Wait a minute; let me think what to do."

I felt a personal interest in the affair, so let my breath go out as slowly as possible, until at length Bob said: "I have it!" and, pulling out his knife, he ripped a puncture in his own tire that put mine to shame. Then he shouted to Meredith and Miss Grey, who came flying back.

"What is the matter?" they cried.

"We both got in a bad bit here," said Bob, "and have punctures in consequence. Will you two ride on to Cabin John and send something after us?"

"Yes, I guess we had better go on. No use of our losing the ride, you know," said Mr. Meredith; but Miss Grey would not agree to that, so they finally decided to ride back to Bessie's home and send the carriage after her.

And then off they went, and Bessie, who was utterly exhausted, began to cry a little, and Bob found a cool place under the trees, and was trying to com-

fort her, much to my interest, when I suddenly discovered that I was slipping from where Bessie had insecurely stood me up beside a tree.

Down, down I went until seeing a nice, soft spot I fell over on my side and lay there contentedly for about an hour.

I was aroused by Bob's voice hailing a farmer driving by in a wagon. After some talk the man agreed to take them in town.

"Why, where is your wheel?" I heard Bob say.

"Isn't it against that big tree? I put it there about ten minutes ago," said Bessie, and her voice sounded strangely happy. Then Bob went looking around until he found me, and, having ascertained that beyond the deflated tire I had no injuries, he packed me with his own wheel in the cart and then he and Bessie climbed in by us.

As we drove slowly toward town I heard Bob say in a low voice:

"We will have to get a tandem, now, Bessie, dear," and she answered:

"Yes, Bob, but do you know I like this wheel of mine and want to keep it always, even—with a smile—if it does shy at cows."

And Bob laughed heartily and said: "We will always keep it and it shall have a brand new tire to-morrow."

"How about your own?" asked Bessie, with a twinkle in her eye.

"Mine shall have a new tire, too," said Bob. "I feel like giving presents to everything and everybody, I am so perfectly happy, Bess."

Then in the early twilight of a summer's evening we all drove into Washington together.—Washington Post.

CLOTHING PORTRAITS.

The Artistic Tailor Meets with Much Consideration.

Even as there are sermons in stones, so may it be asserted that there are great glittering art truths contained in tailors' geese.

This fact is made clear by the assertion of a tailors' trade journal that no portrait painter can reach perfection in his chosen field until he has made himself thoroughly familiar with what this trade journal is pleased to call the anatomy of clothes.

The tailors bitterly complain that the portrait painter does not make the buttons breathe the atmosphere of artistic realism, but indicates them by dots, so that the observer cannot tell whether they are sewed on through holes or from behind, or whether they are composed of cloth or celluloid.

They also complain that the creases and folds are not indicated with sufficient sharpness and vim, and that a man in a brand-new suit looks as if he had just come out of the sea. It is assumed that the portrait painter, carried away by the enthusiasm that was his when he was a marine artist, makes the clothing sag like the sails upon Venetian boats. Of course, from the tailor's point of view, the matter of painting the face with fidelity amounts to nothing. The artist should study only the clothing and endeavor to reproduce the tone, texture and cut of the cloth. Therefore it is suggested that every art school have a clothing branch under the supervision of a regularly ordained tailor, whose duty it will be to elevate the art until every subject shall shine forth and corroborate with all the pristine glory of a fashion plate.—N. Y. World.

TO WARD OFF SUNSTROKE.

Natives of India Find an Ochre Garment a Ward for the Sun's Rays.

A hint comes from India which is worth using when the hot summer days are upon us. Lassitude and loss of appetite are among the first evidences of the effect of the sun's heat upon the body, and in hot weather many persons who have never had sunstroke are debilitated by what might fairly be called sun fatigue, which, although not serious, renders work of every kind more laborious than it would otherwise be. The influence of the sun varies enormously on different individuals, some of whom have to take special precautions in order to be able to resist it. A spinal pad is used by soldiers in many tropical countries. It arrests the light, which often works much injury, but is uncomfortably hot, and soon becomes objectionable from its absorption of perspiration.

According to a royal engineer, who is stationed in India, the boon and blessing beyond compare to those who have to spend part of their lives under a tropical sunlight is an orange colored shirt. He declares that he frequently fell sick after duty in the sun until he treated himself as a photographic sensitive plate and surrounded his body with yellow light. All clothing, however thick, allows certain rays to pass, and although thick clothing would arrest all the injurious elements of sunlight, it would interfere with the escape of bodily heat. The yellow shirt, for sensitive people who are much in hot sunshine, is an excellent protection, only inferior to that simplest and best of all Indian protectives, a white umbrella, which has not been acclimated in this country.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

The Hebrew ceased to be a vernacular language at the Babylonish captivity, in the fifth century before Christ, but was preserved in the sacred writings of the Jews.

In 1801 there were only 5,000 Italian-speaking people in the United States; now there are 400,000.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Michigan Spiritualists.

The State Association of Spiritualists held its third annual meeting in Lansing, selecting the following officers for the ensuing year: President, L. V. Moulton, Grand Rapids; vice president, Mrs. Abbie L. Sheets, Grand Ledge; secretary, Mrs. Mary Ayres, Lansing; treasurer, C. A. Clement, Lansing. The association is reported in a healthy condition. Three new churches have been organized, and 15 ministers ordained during the year.

Can't Hold a State Office.

Mrs. Lucy F. Moorehouse, who was nominated by the prohibition state convention for the office of superintendent of public instruction, cannot stand as a candidate. The attorney general has filed an opinion in which he says that the office is one created by the constitution and women are not eligible to hold the office any more than they would be that of governor. He holds that a woman cannot hold an office for which she cannot vote.

No Bidders for Lands.

Land Commissioner French recently secured from the general government a patent for 5,000 acres of upper peninsula lands which belonged to the state under an old grant, but which had been overlooked. These lands were offered at public sale in Lansing at eight dollars per acre, but not a bidder appeared. Hereafter the lands may be secured at private entry, and in 12 months the minimum price will go to four dollars per acre.

Fifty Buildings Damaged.

Lightning and a windstorm bordering on the proportions of a tornado did terribly destructive work in Saginaw and vicinity. The Jefferson Avenue Methodist church was struck by lightning and damaged \$5,000 worth. Fifty other buildings and factories were unroofed or badly wrecked, hundreds of trees were blown down and wires prostrated and the damage will reach \$100,000.

Appointed Receiver.

J. A. May has been appointed receiver for the Ingham county savings bank, which closed its doors at Lansing recently. The appointee has been cashier of the bank for three years, and his appointment was asked for by a large number of depositors. He is confident that he will be able to close up the affairs of the bank and pay its depositors in full within a very short space of time.

Health in Michigan.

During the week ended on August 15 reports sent in by 52 observers in various portions of the state indicate that cholera infantum, consumption and typhoid fever increased and tonsillitis decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 217 places, typhoid fever at 55, diphtheria at 20, scarlet fever at 20, measles at 18 and whooping cough at 15 places.

Last Democratic Official Resigns.

David A. Hammond, the last democratic state official in Michigan, tendered his resignation as a member of the state board of education. Gov. Rich will fill the vacancy by appointing J. W. Simons, of Owosso, who was nominated for this office by the republican state convention last week.

The Roof Paint Fiend.

The roof paint fiend has been getting in his work in several parts of southwestern Michigan by the same old scheme of taking a receipt for several sample cans of the mixture left with a farmer, whom he appoints as agent, the receipt afterward turning up as a promissory note.

Brief News Items.

The "sound money" democrats will meet at Lansing on the 26th inst. to nominate presidential electors and to elect delegates to the Indianapolis convention.

The republicans renominated S. P. Bishop for congress in the Ninth district and W. S. Mesick in the Eleventh on the 32d ballot.

The first train load of ore over the Lake Superior & Ishpeming railway line was forwarded from Ishpeming to Marquette.

The annual picnic of the Ingham, Clinton and Eaton Farmers' Picnic association was held at Leadley's park, near Lansing, about 3,000 persons being present.

James Bartholomey, sentenced from Kent county in January, 1892, to seven years in Jackson for felonious assault, has been paroled by Gov. Rich.

The annual reunion of the Lenawee County Soldiers' and Sailors' association, held at Deerfield, was a great success. The next meeting will be held at Blissfield on the second Tuesday in August, 1897.

Reports from all quarters make it a certainty that the entire crop of early potatoes upon the low ground around Galesburg is a failure.

Miss Minnie Hoagland, aged 85, was killed on Canal street in Grand Rapids by a horse.

The trial of Ray Contes at Grand Haven for the murder of Enos Lawrence resulted in conviction.

Frank E. Royland, 40 years old, was killed in a runaway at Grand Rapids.

The Michigan mining school at Houghton graduated a class of 32, being the largest in its ten years' history.

Reliable Prescription Druggists

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We do not allow a year-in-the-business drug clerk to compound prescriptions.

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I will not be undersold.

JNO. FARRELL.

Real Estate Exchange.

Have you farm or village property to sell or rent?
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F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896:
Jan. 28; Feb. 25; Mar. 24; April 21; May 26; June 23; July 21; Aug. 18; Sept. 15; Oct. 20; Nov. 17; annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15. J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.



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Chelsea and Vicinity.

Vol. 26, No. 1.
The mains are being laid for the water works.

George Staffan was a Detroit visitor last week.

Ransom Armstrong is spending a few days at Petoskey.

A. E. Winans and T. G. Speer spent Sunday in Detroit.

Mrs. Edward Gallagher, of Adrian, left for home last Tuesday.

Samuel Hook, of Detroit, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon.

The new signal system on the M. C. R. R. is now in operation.

Miss Edith Noyes has returned from the summer school at Ann Arbor.

Timothy McKune is spending this week with friends in the country.

The Misses Gorman have returned from a week's outing in the country.

Miss Anna Beissel is visiting Mrs. Gunn, of Ypsilanti, for an indefinite period.

Emory Fletcher, of Jackson, called on Chelsea friends last Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. J. B. Beissel, who was visiting friends in Ann Arbor, has returned home.

Mrs. Mary A. Blanck, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the guest of A. Allison and wife.

Miss Cora Seeger, after spending the past month in Toledo, Ohio, has returned home.

Mrs. Mary O'Neill visited friends and relatives in Jackson and Grass Lake last week.

Miss B. Howe is visiting her brother, Mr. M. J. Howe, at Cayanaugh Lake this month.

Miss Alice Long, of Jackson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Reilly, of Lyndon.

John Martin, of Ann Arbor, is visiting his cousin, Miss Margaret McKune, of Lyndon.

Miss Lizzie Monroe, of Schoolcraft, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Burkhardt.

The Rev. Dr. Reilly, of Adrian, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy McKune this week.

Miss Susan Marion Howe, of Detroit, is the guest of Mrs. Edward Schumacher this week.

M. J. Noyes has been through the country and says he never saw such a corn crop before.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin and son, of Ann Arbor, were recent guests of Mrs. McKune, of Lyndon.

Miss Lucy Keusch, of Westphalia, Mich., is the guest of relatives and friends in Chelsea this week.

The Misses Edith Foster and Anna Beissel have returned from the summer school at Ann Arbor.

Father Considine was called to Grass Lake recently to visit Emmett Marrinane, who is dangerously ill.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Howe is being entertained this week by Mr. and Mrs. Martin Howe, of Sylvan.

P. H. Sullivan and wife, of Toledo, Ohio, have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Avery the past week.

Prof. Warren and the Warren Sisters leave for Chicago next Saturday, where they have accepted an engagement.

Miss Considine, of Detroit, is the guest of her brother, the Rev. William P. Considine, at St. Mary's rectory this week.

Ben Frankensten was brought before Justice Turnbull last Friday, waived examination, and was bound over to the circuit court.

Died, Aug. 24, 1896, Mrs. James Huder, aged about 60 years. The funeral took place Wednesday from the house, Rev. C. L. Adams officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Skinner, of Detroit, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hatch for the past week, upon their return from Mackinac Island. Mr. Skinner has been connected with the M. C. R. R. in Detroit for the past 25 years.

The steeple of St. Mary's church was badly shattered by the lightning in the storm of last Saturday. The loss is fully covered by insurance. The damage is so great that it will be necessary to build a new tower. The rest of the building seems to be uninjured. It was a close call for the rectory adjoining, and it is very fortunate that no lives were lost.

Sports Day Association takes pleasure in announcing that in addition to the regular program Prof. Robert Emmons will present his kennel of 14 trained dogs, and trick ponies and mules, among them the greatest riding dog in the world and the greatest trick pony in America.

Grand street parade at 12:30 p. m. each day. This exhibition alone is of such a high order that it is well worth a quarter to see. The entire program witnessed for 10 cents.

Died.

Died, at Cumberland, Maryland, Aug. 4, 1896, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Snyder.

Mrs. Snyder is well and favorably known to many people in this vicinity; also a member of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S.

Resolved, That we, as a chapter, extend our love and sympathy to Sister Snyder in this time of affliction and sorrow.

Mrs. F. C. NOYES.
Mrs. L. WOOD.
Mrs. J. CUSHMAN.

Farmers' Picnic.

Following is the program of the 18th annual basket picnic of the Farmers' Picnic Association of Washtenaw, Wayne, Oakland and Livingston counties, to be held at Whitmore Lake, Saturday, Aug. 29, 1896:

Music.

Prayer.....Rev. H. W. Hicks

Music.

Address of welcome.....

.....Pres. Wm. Ball, of Hamburg

Music.

Address.....

.....Hon. E. P. Allen, of Ypsilanti

Music.

Address.....

.....Rev. E. D. Kelly, of Ann Arbor.

Subject, "The Greatest American"

Music.

Address.....

.....Cyrus M. Starks, of Webster

Music.

Impromptu speeches.

Music.

The three speakers named in the above program are representatives of different vocations. The statesman, the divine and the agriculturist will give their best thoughts. James Harkins will entertain with his inimitable and mirth-provoking music.

Ditch Letting.

Take notice that I will let to the lowest bidder the digging of about one hundred rods of ditch on new road, known as Camper's road, just west of Dan Doran's place, in the Township of Sylvan, on Saturday, September 5, 1896, at 2 o'clock p. m. Job to be let at road, where specifications of ditch will be made known. The right to reject all bids hereby reserved.

Dated August 24, 1896.

MICHAEL WACKENHUT,
Commissioner of Highways,
Township of Sylvan.

The Family Horse.

A horse that is difficult to find, and one that is in constant demand, is one that can be guaranteed to be safe for family use. At any place where horse sales are held, one cannot but be impressed by the large number of searchers after horses suitable for family use. For this purpose a horse must not only be sound and good looking, but he must be absolutely safe in the strictest sense of the word. He must be afraid of nothing, and must be possessed of sense enough to behave under circumstances which to the average horse would mean a runaway. He must be safe for a woman to drive, and in many cases the woman will know little about driving and absolutely nothing about what should be done in case of an accident. In view of the dependency that must necessarily be placed on the family horse, it is not to be wondered at that horses suitable for that purpose are scarce, and also that they command a high price whenever they are offered. The only wonder is that some enterprising man does not make a specialty of high-class, reliable family horses.—Horse World.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Bensenville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it. Get a free trial at Glazier & Stimson's Drug Store."

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, Aug. 24, 1896:

Miss Magie Parker.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Not one complaint has ever been made by those using Ayer's Sarsaparilla according to directions. Furthermore, we have yet to learn of a case in which it has failed to afford benefit. So say hundreds of druggists all over the country. Has cured others, will cure you.

He Was A Wise Man

Who said Leave nothing to what is called "luck," and you will be what is called

"LUCKY."

In other words, don't take any chances.

When you buy ask for

Chase & Sanborn's

Famous Boston Coffees

Always uniform in quality, possessing excellent "cup" qualities and sold at reasonable prices.

We Offer:

Broken Java Compound at 10c per pound.

Roasted Golden Rio at 25c per pound.

Java, Mocha and Rio Blend at 28c per pound.

Choicest Java and Mocha Blend at 35c per pound.

Seal Brand at 40c per pound.

FREEMAN'S

Table Supply House.

G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

E. J. PHELPS, M. D.

Homeopathic Physician
and Surgeon.

Office in Durand & Hatch Building,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN

DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and
2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

WM. S. HAMILTON,

Veterinary Surgeon,

Supplies Conditioning Powders for animals debilitated by disease or overwork. Special attention given to Lameness and Horse Dentistry. Mouths examined free. Office and Residence on Park Street across from Methodist church, Chelsea, Mich.

N. E. FREER,

Attorney at Law
and Notary Public.

All legal business given prompt attention.

Office in the Turnbull & Wilkinsoe Building, Chelsea, Mich.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Our Full Line of Men's, Boys and Children's

Overcoats

Are now in for Fall and Winter. Select One Now.

Don't You Want

A PAIR OF PANTS?

Our Stock is Complete.

NEW HATS AND CAPS.

Special Prices now on Overcoats for Early Sales.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

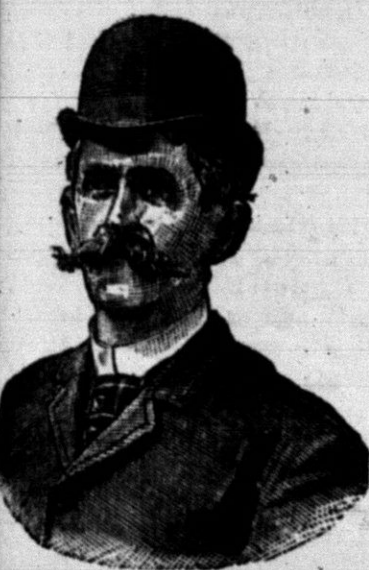
A Sure Thing

Is what the average buyer is looking for. When they buy meat they want the quality to be a SURE THING. When they buy meat of us they take no chances.

Prices Always Right.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



GEO. E. DAVIS,

Everybody's Auctioneer.

Headquarters at

HERALD OFFICE.

Auction Bills furnished Free.

REVIVO

RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

RENCH REMEDY,

restores both vitality and strength to the nervous system, bringing back the glow to pale cheeks and restoring the youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Accept no substitute. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money in full. For free circular address write to MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

ARMSTRONG & CO.

FIRE! FIRE!!

You want insurance call on

W. & Crowell. We represent

companies whose gross assets amount

to a sum of \$45,000,000.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route." Time table taking effect June 21st, 1896. 90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.
Detroit Night Express.....5:10 A. M.
Atlantic Express.....7:02 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....3:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.
Mail and Express.....9:12 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....10:35 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

Wanted—An Idea

Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1.00 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Scientific American

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, New York.

Notice.

I shall be at my office at all times from July 1 to receive village taxes.

J. W. BEISSEL, Village Treas.

Here and There.

Justice Linseman, of Munith, was a Chelsea visitor last Friday.

For sale, two village lots, centrally located. Inquire at this office.

A special meeting of Olive Chapter No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, Sept. 2.

For the remainder of the summer will sell all straw hats at half price for cash only. Mrs. J. Staffan.

One hundred and thirty onion crates for sale cheap, or will exchange for oats or corn. C. W. Maroney, Chelsea.

A friend tells us that he recently went into the store of a business man who does not advertise, and was surprised to find him busy. The storekeeper, it transpired, had the fitch and a Waterbury watch, and when he wasn't scratching himself he was winding his watch.

Judge Kenworthy, one of Iowa's most brilliant sons, will address the citizens of Chelsea and vicinity on the issues of the day, at the Town Hall, Friday, Aug. 28, at 8 o'clock p. m. Ladies are cordially invited. A McKinley and Hobart Club will be organized immediately after the address. Come and hear this eloquent orator.

The girls are running away with a poor fellow nowadays. With the bicycle girl, the golf girl, the tennis girl, the seaside girl, the hunting girl, the fishing girl, the riding girl, the rowing girl, the football girl, the fencing girl, the mountain climbing girl, the graduate girl, the new girl, and the old summer girl, the youth of today lives in a never ending quandary.

Will some one kindly tell us why it is that people are crying "hard times," and as soon as there is an excursion, show, or a patent medicine fair comes along they always have eight or ten dollars to invest? There are many who do this. The editor notices this, as well as the grocer, the druggist, the merchant, etc., because bills long past due remain unpaid. Do you see the point.

The request of some cyclists that carriages be compelled to carry a bell or other signal may be followed by a demand that bells be hung on all cows. A young woman of New Winchester, Ind., riding peacefully along in the country at eventide, suddenly found her wheel running up the back of a cow lying by the roadside. She was thrown, and the machine was kicked into the ditch.

It may not be generally known that the legislature of 1887 passed a law forbidding any person not a member of the G. A. R. to wear the badge or button of that organization, under penalty of fine not to exceed \$20 or 30 days in jail or both. The law provides the same penalty for using the badge of the Loyal Legion of the United States by those not entitled. It may also be of interest to some to know that a person to be entitled to a badge in either of these orders must be a member in good standing.

A base ball umpire is a good deal like a newspaper publisher. He occupies a conspicuous position in the midst of the people. His decisions are received and commented upon. A decision which pleases calls forth no applause, but a decision which differs from the "crowd" is received with unmistakable signs of dissatisfaction. But the umpire or the editor who attempts to frame his decisions to suit the "crowd" rather than to conform to the rules will find before the game is out that he has neither the "crowd" nor honor with him.

The Brief, Stockbridge, says: "Burglars got in their work Tuesday night in town. They entered the postoffice by the back door and took away about \$500. Also Holmes & Dancer's by the office window, taking what change was in different tills, no very large amount. W. S. May's safe was also opened, but his money was in a safer place. Frank Hamilton's jewelry shop was also tried, but whether the robbers were frightened away or found the door too secure is yet to be found out, as they did not get in. Man Asquith's horse was taken, but returned home at an early hour this morning. No clew as to the perpetrators.

There is some satisfaction in doing things right even if it don't pay. It is an excellent plan to begin sowing seed corn soon. A good way is to go into the field and mark in some manner the best stalks which contain the best ears. Prolificacy, early maturity, depth of grains, size of ears and vigor can be noticed from now to maturity. All the most popular varieties of corn were produced in that manner, and every farmer has it in his power to improve on that which he has. It is better than procuring some variety from elsewhere, that may not be adapted to the farm. By careful selection every year a marked improvement in the corn will be effected in a few years.

Hard Times and the State Public School.

The State Public School received 233 children during the year from July 1, 1895, to July 1, 1896. This was an increase of 30 per cent over the preceding year. The rate of increase in dependent and neglected children must be attributed to the hard times compelling fathers and mothers to part with their children. During July 35 children were sent to this institution. This continued increase in the number of children who become wards of the state must make thoughtful people consider well the blessings of home, family and kind friends.

To you, who have plenty and enough to spare, it would seem as if conscience would make you ask to aid these little ones (largely boys) by taking them to your homes. It is not necessary to adopt them, but to shield them, protect them, educate them; in short, giving to them some of the blessings of a real family, with the love and home that no institution can secure. Will you take one on trial and see if he does not make your home happier?

If some one could help a bright colored boy from 2 to 10 years of age it would be considered an especial aid by those engaged in finding homes for these children. Any person willing to aid a homeless boy or girl under 10 years of age should write to S. B. Greece, of Ypsilanti, County Agent of the State Board of Corrections and Charities, or directly to Supt. A. J. Murray, Coldwater, Mich.

Notice.

Bids will be received for the purchase and removal of the windmill and pump situated on Main street near the railroad. Bids opened Sept. 23, 1896.

JOHN B. COLE, Village Clerk.

Excursions.

Labor Day, Lansing, Mich., Sept. 7. One first-class fare for round trip. Date of sale, Sept. 7. Good to return Sept. 8.

Labor Day, Detroit, Mich., Sept. 7. One and one-half cents per mile in each direction. Date of sale, Sept. 7. Good to return Sept. 8.

National Encampment, G. A. R., St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 1 to 4. Fare from Chelsea and return, \$13.25. Tickets limited to return Sept. 15.

Labor Day Celebration, Kalamazoo, Mich., Sept. 7. One and one-half cents per mile in each direction. Date of sale, Sept. 7. Good to return Sept. 8.

Michigan State Fair, Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 7 to 11. One first-class limited fare for round trip, plus 50 cents for admission coupon. Dates of sale, Sept. 7 to 11. Good to return Sept. 12.

Seventh Day Adventists' Annual Camp Meeting, Owosso, Mich., Sept. 16 to Oct. 5. One first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, Sept. 16, 23, and 30. Good to return October 5.

The Michigan Central will run a grand excursion to Niagara Falls Sept. 4, 1896, at greatly reduced rates. A rare opportunity not to be missed. Rates for the round trip from Chelsea, \$6.00. Train leaves Chelsea at 10:35 a. m. Leave Detroit by special train 12:30 p. m. Arrive at Niagara Falls 6:30 p. m. Tickets good going September 4, and to return to initial point not later than Sept. 7, and not good on limited trains Nos. 15 and 19.

Odds and Ends.

Don't scowl if you wish to have pretty eyes.

Huguenot frilling is a dainty summer novelty.

Empire jackets, somehow, do not seem to take.

The tea jacket is much jauntier than the tea gown.

French cashmere is much favored for house gowns.

A double chin can be cured by correct breathing.

Bicycles have not yet been employed by churchgoers.

A wet penny will remove paint spots on window panes.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. J. M. Hudler and daughter desire to express their gratitude to their many kind friends and neighbors for their assistance and kindness during their recent bereavement.

J. M. HUDLER, MRS. A. E. WALKER.

You cannot say that you have tried everything for your rheumatism until you have taken Ayer's Pills. Hundreds have been cured of this complaint by the use of these pills alone. They were admitted on exhibition at the World's Fair as a standard cathartic.

Beissel's Supply House.

This week we shall open a choice line of Fruits:

Peaches, Pears, Plums and Grapes.

Also watermelons and musk melons at prices that will astonish you.

Choice lemons, crisp celery, ripe tomatoes, green and ripe peppers.

Lobsters.

Pleasant Bay lobsters, the finest goods money will buy.

Mushrooms.

If you care for these goods we have an elegant line.

Salmon.

When you want an extra fine can of salmon try our Salmon Cutlets, packed in oval flat cans.

Anything you buy of us in the line of canned goods we guarantee in every respect or your money back.

Our stock of canned goods was never more complete than now.

For canned vegetables, sardines, potted meats, roast beef, corned beef, oysters and canned fruit, don't forget that we carry the assortment, and prices will be guaranteed.

Baked Goods.

A complete line of sweet goods, and always fresh.

When you want fresh, clean goods done up in bang up style, and prices as low as any one selling first-class goods, don't forget that the place is at

J. W. Beissel's.

When down town these hot days just remember the nice cool refreshing ice cream soda we are dispensing.

Cash paid for eggs.

DOCTORS

KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Sexual and Private Diseases

17 Years in DETROIT, 200,000 Cured

YOUNG MAN You are nervous and despondent; weak and debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; drains at stool; oozing on excitement; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; ulcers; hair loose; sore throat; varicose veins; want of confidence; impotency; lack of energy and You Need Help strength.

MARRIAGE This important step in life should never be taken until you are positively cured if you have been weakened or diseased. Remember "Like father, like son." Emissions, varicose veins, spermatorrhea and syphilis endanger happiness in married life. Our New Method cures them permanently. If you are married consult us at once, as we can restore your strength, vital energy and desires. If you wish to marry, our advice may be worth a fortune to you.

Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away!

The New Method Treatment. This System and New Method was discovered by us several years ago. It builds up and strengthens the nervous system; restores lost vitality to the sexual organs; stops all drains and losses; invigorates and restores lost manhood. It never fails in curing the results of Self Abuse, Later Excesses, Blood Diseases, or the effects of a Misspent Life.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

What we Treat and Cure!

Emissions, Varicose veins, Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Stomach, Gleet, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Lost Manhood, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Consultation Free. Books (Illustrated) Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. Everything Confidential. Plain envelopes. Nothing sent C. O. D. See testimonials next week.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

148 Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

DEADLY BOLTS.

Lightning Finds Three Victims in Missouri.

Considerable Damage to Property by Wind and Rain in Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Texas and Several Other States.

St. Louis, Aug. 24.—A severe wind-storm visited the states of Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Texas and Oklahoma territory Saturday. Several lives were lost and much property destroyed. Electrical discharges and heavy rain accompanied the storm of wind. At Effingham, Ill., the electric light plant, the Austin planing mill, the Trade palace and the Austin college were unroofed. All wires are down and the city was in darkness at night. At Mendota, Ill., Pohl's hotel and several residences were unroofed. All the grain fields about Mascoutah, Ill., were destroyed. At West Plains, Mo., the storm was severe upon light structures. The grand stand at the ball park, where a game was in progress, was blown down and 15 persons were injured.

Near Brownsville, Mo., the farmhouse of Thomas Gooch was blown down. Gooch's wife and infant son were killed. The public school building at St. James, Mo., was totally wrecked and the Drummond hotel unroofed. At Edina, Mo., Peter Lorey, a boy, was killed by a falling tree. At Fort Worth, Tex., a general rain fell for the first time in over three months. The downpour extended into the pan-handle country as far as Clarendon, and on the Texas & Pacific west to Midland. At Guthrie, O. T., the long dry spell was broken by a heavy rain, the temperature dropping nearly 40 degrees in a few hours.

Delphos, O., Aug. 24.—During the storm Saturday morning Neal Bliss, aged 25, a school-teacher a few miles east of Delphos, was killed by lightning while going from barn to house. His mother found him lying dead.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Shortly after midnight Friday this city was visited by a series of severe electrical storms which did great damage to property, especially in the southern part of the city, and the rain at times poured down in torrents, but electricity was the feature.

The barns of the Chicago City Railway company, at Sixty-first and State streets, were struck by lightning at three o'clock in the morning, and a section of the roof 60 feet square dashed through the building to the first floor, carrying with it the third and second floors and cars which were stored there. It is estimated that the damage to the City Railway company will amount to from \$15,000 to \$20,000. The work of repairs was commenced at once.

The Chicago Brick company's plant at Forty-first and Leavitt streets was struck by lightning at three o'clock in the morning, and a damage of \$15,000 resulted. The entire building collapsed and the machinery is buried in the debris.

Lightning struck with damaging effects in Englewood, Hyde Park and South Chicago. Buildings were attacked in every section, and the telephone service throughout these suburbs was seriously impaired.

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 24.—The Wallace circus, which was struck by a cyclone in this city Saturday night last, lost every inch of its canvas. So badly were the tents torn that they were thrown away. Several animals escaped from broken cages, but were recaptured. A herd of stampeded elephants made trouble. Four men were injured by falling poles, Robert Gardner having a shoulder dislocated. The damage amounted to fully \$10,000. The storm struck before the doors had been opened to admit the people.

Huntington, Ind., Aug. 24.—During an electrical storm Saturday 14 barns in this county were struck by lightning and destroyed. Loss, about \$20,000.

BASEBALL.

Result of Recent Games Between Leading Clubs.

The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of leading baseball organizations. National League:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Perc.
Baltimore	70	32	.686
Cincinnati	69	33	.676
Cleveland	63	38	.624
Chicago	60	45	.571
Pittsburgh	57	44	.564
Boston	55	47	.539
Brooklyn	45	54	.450
Philadelphia	47	56	.456
New York	46	56	.451
Washington	38	62	.380
St. Louis	31	69	.310
Louisville	25	72	.259

Western League:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Perc.
Minneapolis	65	39	.625
Indianapolis	60	41	.594
St. Paul	59	45	.567
Detroit	50	45	.526
Kansas City	55	50	.524
Milwaukee	49	62	.441
Columbus	40	70	.366
Grand Rapids	40	71	.360

Other Dynamiters Released.

London, Aug. 24.—Albert George Whitehead, the Irish-American dynamiter, who with Dr. Gallagher, also an American, was sentenced in June, 1883, to life imprisonment, was released from Portland prison at seven o'clock Saturday morning and immediately started for Weymouth, where he took a train for London. Whitehead wore a dark colored suit of clothes and a felt hat. He looked weak and appeared to be very nervous. It is probable that he will sail for New York next Wednesday. The release of Dr. Gallagher is expected almost immediately.

GIVES UP HIS SEAT.

Secretary Smith to Retire from the Cabinet About September 1.

Washington, Aug. 24.—It is announced on what appears to be good authority that the resignation of Secretary Hoke Smith has been accepted and that he will retire from the cabinet about September 1. It was asserted some time ago that Mr. Smith's resignation was in President Cleveland's hands; it is now understood that the latter has agreed to accept it and release the secretary from his connection with the administration.

Mr. Smith's leaving the cabinet has already been discounted, as the general opinion has been that he could not consistently remain and at the same time take an active part in the support of the Chicago ticket. It is known that immediately after the Chicago convention had nominated Bryan and Sewall, Secretary Smith wrote to President Cleveland and told the latter that he proposed to support the ticket. Not knowing what course the president would take with regard to the demo-



HOKE SMITH.

cratic nomination, but presuming that it did not meet with his approbation, Mr. Smith at that time placed his resignation in the president's hands, with the request that it be accepted if Mr. Cleveland did not approve of his course in supporting Bryan and Sewall.

President Cleveland appreciates the high stand which Secretary Smith has taken, and has written him a letter expressing sorrow at his determination to withdraw from the cabinet. The resignation has been accepted with the greatest reluctance, not only on account of the personal regard which the president has for Mr. Smith, but also because the president feels that he thereby loses a valued adviser and the public a hard-working and able servant.

Secretary Smith had just returned from a five-mile spin on his bicycle Sunday evening when he was seen by a reporter. He said he had no further information to add to that already made public about his resignation from the cabinet. The interior department will be left in charge of First Assistant Secretary Sims on September 1 next unless in the meantime the president names a successor to Mr. Smith.

Ever since the rumor of the probable resignation of Secretary Smith there has been more or less gossip concerning his probable successor, and at the interior department the name of John M. Reynolds, the second assistant secretary of the department, has been mentioned frequently for the place. Mr. Reynolds has had charge of the difficult work of review of pension decisions of the pension bureau. He is a native of Pennsylvania. The new cabinet officer will have only a little more than six months to serve, and it is regarded as probable that Mr. Cleveland would prefer to fill the vacancy from the department rather than fill the place by appointing some one who would be new to the work.

IRISH CONVENTION.

Session to Open in Dublin September 1—Big Attendance Expected.

London, Aug. 24.—The Irish national convention will open its session in Dublin on Tuesday, September 1. It is expected that about 1,200 delegates from Ireland and Great Britain will be present. Several delegates are also expected from America, Canada, Australia and South Africa, but it is not possible to estimate their number. The convention is expected to last three days. It has been summoned, so its promoters state, "with the desire of laying down a platform in which all Irish nationalists who are supporters of home rule can unite and thus secure a united body of national representatives in parliament."

BOTH WERE KILLED.

Distressing Fate of a Michigan Woman and Her Child.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 24.—Mrs. Robert Maxwell, who resides about three miles east of Clare, was instantly killed near her house Saturday, together with her three-year-old child, by a F. & P. M. engine. Mrs. Maxwell was in the house, and hearing the train approaching looked out for her child and found it near the track. She ran to get it just as the engine reached there. The engine struck them, killing both.

Four Perish in Flames.

Huntsville, Ont., Aug. 24.—The dwelling of Mrs. Quail, a widow, was burned Friday night, and Mrs. Bernard Phillips, daughter of Mrs. Quail, Mrs. S. Quail, her daughter-in-law, and the latter's two children perished in the flames. Mrs. Phillips and Mrs. Quail lost their lives in attempting to save the children. Jessie Phillips, daughter of Mrs. Phillips, was so badly burned that her life is in danger.

WARMLY WELCOMED.

Lord Russell Given a Great Ovation at Saratoga.

England's Chief Justice Speaks on International Arbitration—Praises the United States—English People Must Work Together.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 21.—No greater ovation was ever presented to any speaker in Saratoga than that accorded Lord Russell, lord chief justice of England, when he entered Convention hall Thursday morning to address the American Bar association in the nineteenth annual convention here assembled. Applause was long continued by the audience of 4,500 persons. In introducing Lord Russell President Storey said:

"I have now the very great pleasure, not of introducing, for he needs no introduction to any English-speaking lawyer, but of presenting to you Lord Russell, of Killowen, the lord chief justice of England, who will deliver the annual address on 'International Arbitration.'"

As Lord Russell stepped forward the audience broke into unrestrained applause, which continued for fully a minute. He prefaced his address by saying:

"My first words must be in acknowledgment of the signal honors done me by inviting me to address you on this interesting occasion. You are a congress of lawyers, met here to take counsel, in no narrow spirit, upon questions affecting your profession, to consider the needs for legislation which time and experience develop; to consider the tendencies of legislation, state and federal, and the course of judicial decision." [Applause.]

Speaking of the formation of international law, Lord Russell complimented the United States thus:

"It is not too much to say that the undoubted stream of tendency in modern international law to mitigate the horrors of war, to humanize or to make less inhuman its methods, and to narrow the area of its consequential evils, is largely due to the policy of your statesmen and the moral influence of your jurists."

Speaking of the difficulties in the way of effective arbitration, he said:

"But there are differences to which, even as between individuals, arbitration is inapplicable—subjects which find their counterpart in the affairs of nations. Men do not arbitrate where character is at stake, nor will any self-respecting nation readily arbitrate on questions touching its national independence or affecting its honor."

"Again, a nation may agree to arbitrate, and then repudiate its agreement. Who is to coerce it? Or, having gone to arbitration and been worsted, it may decline to be bound by the award. Who is to compel it? These considerations seem to me to justify two conclusions. The first is, that arbitration will not cover the whole field of international controversy, and the second, that unless and until the great powers of the world, in league, bind themselves to coerce a recalcitrant member of the family of nations—we have still to face the more than possible disregard by powerful states of the obligations of good faith and of justice."

Concluding, the speaker said:

"Mr. President, I began by speaking of the two great divisions—American and British—of that English-speaking world which you and I represent to-day, and with one more reference to them I end."

"Who can doubt the influence they possess for insuring the healthy progress and peace of mankind? But if this influence is to be fully felt, they must work together in cordial friendship, and each people in its own sphere of action. If they have great power, they have also great responsibility. No cause they espouse can fail; no cause they oppose can triumph. The future is, in large part, theirs. They have the making of history in the times that are to come. The greatest calamity that could befall would be strife which should divide them."

"Let us pray that this shall never be. Let us pray that they, always self-respecting, each in honor upholding its own flag, safeguarding its own heritage of right, and respecting the rights of others, each in its own way fulfilling its high national destiny, shall yet work in harmony or the progress and the peace of the world."

Lord Russell concluded his address at 12:15 o'clock. As he closed the audience vigorously applauded, and then Edward J. Phelps, of Vermont, moved that the thanks of the association be presented to Lord Russell for the eloquent address which they had had the pleasure of hearing. This was carried, as was also the following:

"Resolved, That the American Bar association concurs with the principles enunciated in the eloquent address of Lord Chief Justice Russell. Be it further,

"Resolved, That it be referred to the committee on international law to recommend such further cause of international arbitration."

Robert D. Benedict, of New York, chairman of the committee on judicial administration and remedial procedure, presented a very voluminous report which, in the main, favored appeal in criminal cases.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 22.—When the American Bar association convened at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning for their concluding day's session, the first business taken up was the election of officers for the ensuing years. The officers elected were as follows:

President—James M. Woolworth, of Omaha, Neb.
Secretary—John Hinkley, of Baltimore.
Treasurer—Francis Pawley, of Philadelphia.

Executive Committee—Alfred Hemenway, Boston; Charles Claffin Allen, St. Louis; William W. Howe, New Orleans.

A vice president for every state in the union and members composing the local council in each state were also elected. The association completed its labors at 12:45 adjourned sine die.

FATALLY INJURED.

Three Persons Likely to Die from a Runaway Accident.

Galena, Ill., Aug. 22.—At the reunion of the Modern Woodmen of America of Jo Daviess county, held at Hanover, a runaway team plunged into the crowd of 3,000 people gathered in Main street, causing serious injuries to a number of men, women and children. John Atkins, of Savanna and two residents of Hanover cannot live. They received internal injuries of a serious nature.

COCKRAN SPEAKS.

He Makes Reply to Mr. Bryan's Letter of Acceptance.

New York, Aug. 19.—A mass meeting was held Tuesday evening at Madison Square garden under the auspices of the Democratic Honest Money league. Maj. John Byrnes, president of the league, called the meeting to order, and Hon. Perry Belmont was made permanent chairman. The glee club sang the "Star Spangled Banner," after which Mon. Bourke Cockran was introduced as the speaker of the evening.

The issue of this campaign, said Mr. Cockran, was well stated by Mr. Belmont when he said that, stripped of all verbal disguise, it is an issue of common honesty.

"We would look in vain," the speaker continued, "through the speech (Mr. Bryan's) delivered here one week ago to find a true statement of the issue involved in this canvass. Indeed, I believe it is doubtful if the candidate himself quite understands the nature of the faith which he professes. I say this not in criticism of his ability, but in justice to his morality. I believe that if he himself understood the inevitable consequences of the doctrines which he preaches that his own hands would be the very first to tear down the platform on which he stands."

Mr. Cockran said that if Mr. Bryan could show him that by any means wages could be increased he would be ready to support Mr. Bryan then and there. Where the rate of wages is high there must be prosperity. Mr. Bryan's language is that he is going to improve the conditions of the people of this country. Now, said Mr. Cockran, if he got possession of the government tomorrow, he would not create one single thing of value by any exercise of governmental power in the world. If he is going to work any change in the conditions of men he must increase the material possession of some part of the community.

"A government never can be generous, because if it be generous to one it must be oppressive to another. But his financial scheme contemplates an increase in the price of certain commodities. Now, if everything in this world or in this country, including labor, be increased in value tomorrow in like proportion, not one of us would be affected at all. Therefore, it is fair to assume that is not the lame and impotent conclusion which the populist revolution contemplates. What, then, is it? It is an increase in the price of commodities and allowing labor to shift for itself. If the price of commodities be increased and the price of labor be left stationary, why, that means a cutting down of the rates of wages. If, instead of a dollar which consists of a given quantity of gold equal to a hundred cents anywhere in the world, with the purchasing power of 100 cents, the laborer is to be paid in dollars worth 50 cents each, why, he can only buy half as much with a day's wages as he buys now."

The pretense that the farmer of Nebraska is suffering under the weight of a mortgage contracted under a metal which has steadily increased in value is but a populist metaphor. Two-thirds of the farmers have no mortgage debts whatever. I do not believe there is five per cent of them that owe a mortgage over three years old, during which time there has been no change in the value of the metal. This proposal of the populists is an intent to enlist the farmer in a conspiracy to reduce the wages paid this labor that he may have a larger proportion of his own products; and they are willing to cut down the wages of every man who works in cities, who toils at the bench, who digs in the mines, who manages the train, in the hope that they can ride into power on a wave of cupidity and greed awakened in the breast of the voter.

But, my friends, it is a triumphant vindication of American citizenship that this attempt to enlist the farming and agricultural members of this community into this conspiracy has failed, miserably, utterly, absolutely. Every western state which in 1890 and in 1892 fell into the hands of the alliance, before their real purposes were executed, was purged and the populist forces were scattered out of existence when the farmers of this country understood precisely what the populists meant for his welfare was really for his ruin.

Underlying the whole scheme of civilization is the confidence men have in each other. Confidence in their honesty; confidence in their integrity; confidence in their industry; confidence in their future. Anything that attacks the basis of human confidence is a crime against civilization and a blow against the foundation of social order.

Wherever you find populists assembled you will find discussions proceeding upon the theory that men are hostile to each other in their interests; that the condition of life is one of contest. At Chicago Mr. Bryan declared: "When you come before us and tell us that we shall disturb your business interests, we reply that we have disturbed our business interests. I merely desire to call the attention of this gathering to the character of that speech, to the underlying spirit that pervades it, and then to ask the workingmen of this country, to ask the citizens of this nation, if the government should be trusted to the hands of men whose conception of civilized society is one of warfare and strife."

Silver Club Men to Meet.

Washington, Aug. 21.—George P. Keeney, the national organizer of the silver party since its organization, and a member of its executive committee, has been appointed by the silver party national president of the various non-partisan silver and bimetallic clubs of the United States. Mr. Keeney has called a national convention of such clubs to meet at Chicago September 23. All of the old bimetallic unions, bimetallic leagues, Bryan-Sewall silver clubs, national silver clubs, silver clubs and patriots of America are invited to attend and participate. The representation will be three delegates at large from each club of 20 or more, and one additional delegate for every 50 members on the club rolls.

The purpose is to unify all non-partisan silver organizations under a common plan for effective work during the coming campaign.

Newfoundland Fisheries Fail.

St. John's, N. F., Aug. 21.—The mail steamer from Labrador which arrived here reports that the Labrador fishery is a total failure. The steamer traversed the whole coast as far north as the Moravian settlements. The failure of the fishery virtually means starvation for thousands of fishermen next winter. The fishery along most of the Newfoundland coast has also proved a failure.

KILLED BY BURGLARS.

A Minnesotan Shot Dead by Thieves in His Home.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 24.—Shortly before two o'clock Sunday morning somebody in the front part of his building. Seizing a revolver he rushed out, only to be met with a fusillade of bullets, five of which passed through his body. He died instantly. The murderer or murderers failed to get any money and have not been apprehended. All the money in the house, \$300, was tied in a bag around his wife's neck.

Burlington, N. J., Aug. 24.—A cold-blooded murder was committed here Saturday night, when John T. Henke was strangled to death. Alfred Hunter and Thomas Cromwell, two tough colored men, are suspected of the crime. The two men were seen loitering around the store and later were seen to go in a side door. Sunday morning Henke failing to make his appearance neighbors broke into the room and found the old man lying on the floor covered with blood. A piece of rope had been wrapped around his neck, and then with a short stick the slack had been taken up until his eyes had left their sockets and blood ran from his nose. The body had turned black down to the hips. Henke came here from New Castle, Del., some four years ago, conducted a general store, and was supposed to carry a good deal of money on his person, and as his pocketbook is missing, it is supposed that the old man was first strangled and then robbed.

LI LEAVES LONDON.

The Chinese Ambassador Sails for America on the Steamship St. Louis.

London, Aug. 24.—Li Hung Chang, special ambassador of the emperor of China, with his suite, left Waterloo station at nine o'clock Saturday morning for Southampton, where he embarked on board the American line steamer St. Louis for New York. The ambassador and the members of his suite were driven to the station in four royal carriages. A large number of friends gathered around the railway car occupied by the distinguished Chinaman and remained until the train moved away.

When Li Hung Chang and his party arrived at Southampton they immediately went on board the steamer St. Louis, which became the scene of a gathering of the most genial character. The drawing-room of the St. Louis was converted into a great reception hall, and the Chinese ambassador held a levee which lasted some time. Indeed, it is not within recollection that any visitor to England has received so grand a send-off. The mayor of Southampton, United States Consul Kinkead and other consuls stationed at Southampton and the local dignitaries made farewell speeches, all of which were addressed directly to the Chinese statesman, and as the steamer was leaving her dock the ambassador and his party were cheered by thousands of people who had gathered on the wharf to bid good-by to the visitors.

QUARRELED OVER POLITICS.

Fight in West Virginia Results in the Murder of One Man.

Ceredo, W. Va., Aug. 24.—Forty miles south of here, on Kijah's creek, in the extreme southern part of Wayne county, a riot occurred Saturday evening between a number of men who had congregated at a cross-road store. The trouble was brought about by a discussion of the financial question, and, as a result, Harris Tomlinson is dead, he having been stabbed several times about the body with a knife. There were more than a dozen persons engaged in the difficulty, all of whom were more or less injured.

Ex-President Harrison to Stump the East.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Ex-President Harrison will make a campaigning tour of the east and middle west. This has been practically decided upon by the national committee, and it is definitely stated also that unless there is a change of programme McKinley will not do any active campaigning, but simply remain in Canton to receive the delegations that visit him. Ex-President Harrison will open the republican campaign in New York next Thursday night at Carnegie hall, and arrangements have been made to have the president make a tour through the empire state, speaking at every place that it is possible for him to do so, from the rear platform of a special train.

Drowned.

Traverse City, Mich., Aug. 24.—J. W. Fleming, one of the most prominent and prosperous young business men of this city, was drowned in the bay here Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Fleming and T. Ludgate, manager of the Traverse City Lumber company, were taking their families across the bay to a grove for a picnic. The ladies were in a rowboat, but Fleming and Ludgate were in a small canoe which was upset by a large wave. Ludgate was rescued with difficulty.

Sell Cheaper Than the Germans.

Washington, Aug. 24.—A report received at the department of state from Consul William D. Warner, at Cologne, shows that Americans are underselling the Germans in barbed wire and wire nails in Japan. Hamburg importing-houses are forced to buy the American wire because their customers have begun to purchase it directly from the United States. American competition, though felt elsewhere, has been especially noticeable in Japan.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

MAKING A TERRACE.

This Article Explains How to Construct a Durable One.

Whatever may be one's personal opinion as to the beauty of terraces, it is certain that men and women will continue to like them and to construct them. It is important, therefore, to know how to construct them in the best manner. But before explaining a wrinkle or two that are of value in terrace building, I want to protest vigorously against the making of double terraces.

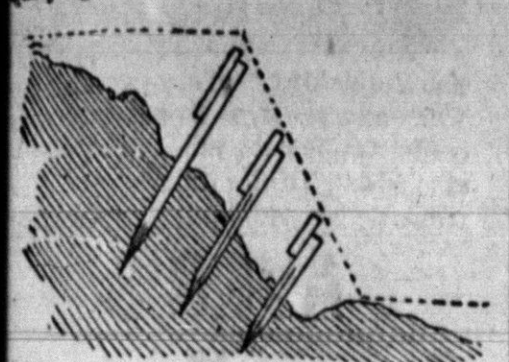


FIG. 1.

They are an abomination in the sight of good landscape gardening; and for three terraces, one above another—well, words fail me fitly to characterize such atrocious mutilation of the "old sod."

In making a single terrace, it is a somewhat difficult matter to make a loose bank of earth remain in place until the sod is applied, and even after the sod is in place any pressure on the top of the terrace is likely to cause the whole upper edge to slip off. To prevent this trouble, drive two or three rows of stakes along the extent of the proposed terrace, and to the upper part

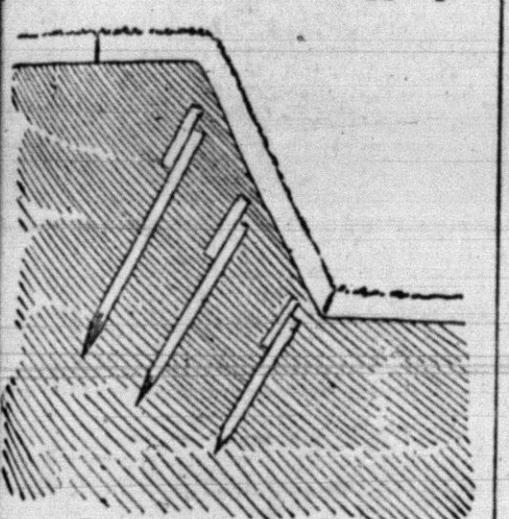


FIG. 2.

rough boards, as shown in the cross section in Fig. 1. This will hold the heaped-up earth in place till the sod is applied, and thereafter will give great firmness to the terrace until nature so compacts all the materials as to make slipping impossible, as shown in Fig. 2.

There is shown in this cross-section an excellent point in applying turf to terraces. The end of the roll is begun on the level top of the terrace, and is carried out over the edge and down the slope, thus giving no open crack at the upper edge, where an opening is especially detrimental to the well-being of a terrace. As sharp and distinct an edge can be made in this way as where the opening comes at the edge, while the results of the former practice are far superior. —Country Gentleman.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

The difference in value between fermented and unfermented manure is very little.

Artichokes can be killed by plowing them under, after they have begun to grow well.

If a stranger asks you to sign anything, refuse, point to the front gate, and whistle for the dog.

The Missouri experiment station has found that tile drains on upland clay with fair surface drainage have not thus far given sufficient increase in the yield of corn, mangels and sugar beets to warrant the expense of tilling.

Stick to the good, every-day common sense of the farm, and do not forget that, while there is a strong city demand for the genuine article, the brain trust is one of the most profitable that can be grown and used on the farm.

It is cheaper and better to get the struggling stumps and stones out of the fields than to attempt to work around them with a reaper, mower, cultivator or harrow. Many valuable implements are annually injured needlessly from stumps or stones. —Colman's Rural World.

Feeding Corn Alone to Pigs.

The Illinois experimental station, in Bulletin No. 6, gives the results in tabulated form of 16 experiments made in feeding corn alone to pigs. These experiments were made in nine different months of the year, and showed excellent work. The average of the 16 lots showed 11½ pounds live weight made from 56 pounds of corn; with corn and pork cost a trifle over 3 cents per pound. The poorest results were obtained from work done in January, which showed 6.93 pounds from one bushel of corn fed to pigs weighing 108 pounds each. The next poorest results were obtained in June, July and August, and showed 8.23 pounds per bushel of corn fed to pigs weighing 208 pounds each. The third poorest result was in May, and showed 8.66 pounds per bushel of corn fed to pigs of 223 pounds weight. The best work was done in December, and showed 16.81 pounds from one bushel of corn.

KILLING HORN FLIES.

Instructions Furnished by the Director of the Indiana Station.

The following bulletin on this subject is issued by the Purdue university agricultural experiment station:

At this season of the year cattle are suffering from the persistent biting of the horn fly. This fly, which is smaller than the house fly, congregates in colonies about the base of the horns, along up the back and sides, at tender points about the flanks and udder, and on the belly.

This fly sucks blood from cattle, and so irritates them as no doubt to retard the laying on of flesh with beef cattle, and the production of milk by milch cows.

Many substances have been recommended to keep away the flies. The Mississippi Experiment station recommends two parts cottonseed oil or fish oil and one part pine tar. This station applied this mixture to 350 head, at a total cost for material of 52.20.

Kerosene emulsion has also been used, spraying it over the cattle with a knapsack sprayer. The flies are killed by the emulsion if it touches them. The emulsion may be made by mixing at the rate of one pint of soft-soap (or one-fourth pound of hard-soap dissolved in boiling water) and one pint of kerosene in 15 pints of water, thoroughly whipped and churned together.

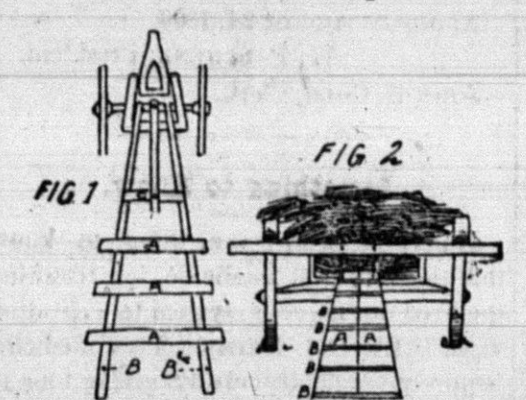
At the Indiana experiment station, we have tried different substances to keep away the flies. None of these were effective over two or three days. We have tested a preparation called "Shoo Fly," which answered very well for two days. The main objection to this is its cost, 50 cents a quart, or \$1.50 per gallon in three, five and ten gallon cans. One quart will do for one application on about 50 animals. We have, however, secured fully as satisfactory results by using a quart of fish oil in which was mixed about two tablespoonfuls of crude carbolic acid. Fish oil is 60 cents per gallon in Lafayette. These liquids are applied on the body with a flat paint brush about four inches wide. Fish oil is especially disagreeable to flies, and is probably largely used in the special preparations sold at high prices. There is one objection to using any form of tar, in that it makes the hair sticky, which accumulates dirt, and so gives it a bad appearance.

Stockmen would do well to break up the manure in the pasture whenever possible, as the flies deposit their eggs in it, from which the young are developed. If the manure is gathered up or broken to pieces within a day or so, and if remedies to keep off the flies are applied to the cattle, the insects will disappear only in the season.

TWO LOADING-DEVICES.

Very Useful When Bulky Forage Has to Be Handled.

The device shown in Fig. 1 represents the front part of the running gear of a common farm wagon, to which is attached a sort of fodder or brush frame. The frame is constructed as follows: Take two 3 by 3-inch poles, 12 feet long, place them in positions as



TWO STYLES OF LOADING DEVICES.

shown at Fig. 1; a a are hardwood boards eight inches wide. The last one is eight feet long, with the other two to correspond. These are nailed to the poles. At b b are holes in which stakes are placed to prevent fodder or brush slipping off. The upper ends of the poles are placed on the bolster of the wagon; the lower drag on the ground. A coupling pole runs from the axle to the crosspiece, c. This attaches the fodder drag securely to the wagon and permits of turning, etc. The figure shows the drag in position as seen from above. As no iron work is necessary, any farmer can easily construct one himself. The illustration renders its building perfectly easy. The drag is not only useful in hauling fodder, but comes handy in disposing of brush or any bulky material which is difficult to load upon wagons. A variation of this device, made especially for loading corn fodder, is shown in Fig. 2. Cut a 16-foot 2-inch board 12 inches wide into two equal lengths. Place these side by side flatwise, a a, and secure firmly by means of 2 by 2-inch cleats, b. Bore an auger hole near the upper end of each board, and with stay chains fasten this ladder to back end of the rack. Take up an armful of fodder, walk up the ladder and deposit it on the front of the rack. Continue piling as high as desired until the load is complete. —Farm and Home.

In a wet season the roots of the corn plant spread out and fill almost every inch of soil between the hills, while in a dry season they go down in search of moisture. Roots have been traced to a depth of 12 feet.

Some one estimates that a man can shuck two loads of corn while standing in the field, as easily as he can one load in the shock.

BORAX.

Its Many Uses.

No one known article within our reach possesses the virtues of borax for general use in the household. As an antiseptic and disinfectant it stands preeminent. As a washing powder it is excellent. For the dining-room and kitchen it is equally effective. Added to dishwater it brightens the china and glassware and cleans the silver. Coffee pots and tea pots in which borax water is boiled two or three times a week are purified and entirely freed from musty taste or odor.

As a simple household remedy for the many ailments of the family borax is unrivaled. If the eyes are weak or inflamed, a daily washing with a solution of borax will strengthen and cure them. For sore throat a small quantity of powdered borax dissolved in the mouth and swallowed is very effective. A cold in the head may be relieved by snuffing powdered borax.

The bites of insects, as well as summer rashes will cease to give pain if bathed in borax water, which is quite as efficacious in curing burns, scalds and wounds. For ridding shelves and closets of ants, roaches and other pests nothing is so powerful as borax, while rats and mice are quite as easily driven away by its use.

Fortunately for housekeepers, the low price of this valuable article places it within the reach of everyone, and borax will soon be regarded as a necessity in every well ordered household.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

CRUMMER—"Nothing impresses me more than the littleness of greatness." Gileland—"The greatness of littleness impresses me more. Nothing can be more profound than the observations of unimportant men."—Truth.

Everybody Welcome

To take advantage of the lowest rate ever made to St. Paul and Minneapolis, on the occasion of the Thirtieth Annual Encampment of the G. A. R., the first week in September. Only one cent per mile for the round trip is the rate made, fought for and established by the Chicago Great Western Railway (Maple Leaf Route) for the "boys in blue" and their friends, while the tickets are good for return at any time within thirty days. This is your opportunity to visit the "Twin Cities" and the Great Northwest. The Chicago Great Western offers every luxury on the journey—Compartment Sleepers, Free Chair Cars, Dining Cars on the European plan. Take your family with you and remember the road that deserves your patronage is the Chicago Great Western. Full information as to rates, sleeping car reservations, special trains, etc., will be furnished by F. H. LOMB, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

THE REASON.—Tommy—"Say, mamma, do they have money in heaven?" Mamma—"I think not, dear. They have no financial problem there." Tommy—"Ah! Then that's why it's heaven."—Truth.

The Garden South.

The South is destined to be, and is rapidly becoming, the garden of the United States. Here life is easier to live, the rigorous winters do not eat up the fruits of the toil of summer, nor are the summers so trying as many northern people have supposed. "I used to live only half the year," said a northern farmer recently settled in the south, "and I used to work all the time then. Now I work half the time and live all the year through."

Home seekers' excursion tickets will be sold over the Monon Route to nearly all points in the south at the rate of one first class fare (one way); tickets good returning on any Tuesday or Friday within 31 days from date of sale. Liberal stop-overs are allowed. These excursions start (and tickets are sold) Aug. 17, 18 and 31; Sept. 1, 14, 15; Oct. 5, 6, 19 and 30. Call on any agent of the Monon Route for further information, or address FRANK J. REED, G. P. A., Chicago.

"It's a cold day when I get left," remarked the putative 100-pound chunk of ice, as it vanished into a three-inch wet spot on the back stoop. —Detroit Tribune.

\$8.00 Chicago to St. Paul and Return. On account of the G. A. R. Encampment The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Railway) will, on August 31 and September 1, 1896, sell excursion tickets from Chicago to St. Paul and return at rate of \$8.00 for the round trip, good for return, passage until September 15, with privilege of further extension to September 30, 1896. For tickets and full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address W. B. KNISKERN, G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill.

"Mrs. DASH is that a genuine Italian count who is visiting you?" "Yes; he always has to have a Roman candle to go to bed by." —Chicago Record.

Low Rate Excursions South. On the first and third Tuesday of each month till October about half-fares for round trip will be made to points in the South by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. F. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or J. K. Ridgely, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

SECRET—"The secret of my age is entrusted to time." He—"Are you not sometimes afraid that time will tell?" —Detroit Free Press.

VERY low rates will be made by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway for excursions of August 18th, September 1st, 15th and 29th, to the south, for Home-seekers and Harvesters. For particulars apply to the nearest local Agent, or address JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

THE old axiom that two parallel lines never come together has been knocked into flinders by the railroad companies. —Texas Sifter.

Fires stopped free and permanently cured: No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 23 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. KLINE, 938 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

REMEMBER the serpent's head is to be bruised, no matter how big or black it may look. —Ram's Horn.

I COULD not get along without Piao's Cure for Consumption. It always cures. —Mrs. E. C. MOCILLOX, Needham, Mass., Oct. 22, '94.

ACCORDING to the way some folks talk, the only people who have ever been good are dead. —Ram's Horn.

A FAIR lady becomes still fairer by using Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

Pistols and Pestles.

The duelling pistol now occupies its proper place, in the museum of the collector of relics of barbarism. The pistol ought to have beside it the pestle that turned out pills like bullets, to be shot like bullets at the target of the liver. But the pestle is still in evidence, and will be, probably, until everybody has tested the virtue of Ayer's sugar coated pills. They treat the liver as a friend, not as an enemy. Instead of driving it, they coax it. They are compounded on the theory that the liver does its work thoroughly and faithfully under obstructing conditions, and if the obstructions are removed, the liver will do its daily duty. When your liver wants help, get "the pill that will."

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.



"It Bridges You Over."

Battle Ax PLUG

"Battle Ax" bridges a man over many a tight place when his pocket-book is lean. A 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" will last about as long as a 10-cent piece of other good tobaccos. This thing of getting double value for your money is a great help. Try it and save money.

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Free Reclining Chair Cars. Pullman Buffet Parlor Cars.

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READS VIA THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R. It can be obtained of your local ticket agent.

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A STUPENDOUS SWindle is perpetuated upon the people when they are denied access to the soil. "Dig the dirt and you may discover diamonds," but you'll be sure to gather wealth if you put a little money and more work into IRRAWADDY ISLAND FRUIT LANDS. Small fertile farms (with perpetual water right) upon main line U. P. R. R. system, upon easy terms. Homes built for settlers. For facts, etc., write Supt. of Lands.

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Dental Department of Lake Forest University. Next Session opens October 1st, 1896. Facilities for instruction unsurpassed. For information address DR. TRUMAN W. BROWN, Dean, 126 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

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AGENTS, STREETMEN and BOYS.

To sell McKimley and Bryan portraits; two-color 22x28; sample, 10c; \$3.50 per hundred. Order quick. BARCLAY & COMPANY, Publishers, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HAVE YOU TRIED YUCATAN?

OPium and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. R. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga.

AN K-A 1619

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Turnips for Winter.

Turnips, being a summer crop, are soon ready for harvesting, and if properly stored for winter use can be made to materially assist in promoting the health of animals and also in saving other foods. Leaving out the food value of turnips altogether, they possess a value in supplying a change of food during the winter season on farms where ensilage is not a specialty, and as they may be fed cooked or raw they are relished by cattle, sheep and swine as a delicacy at a time when all foods are dry and concentrated. It is the juicy, succulent quality of turnips which should be kept in view, and as they are so easily produced from labor and without the necessity of heavy outlay for seed (as is the case with potatoes), the farmer should sow a large crop, and put the turnips to good use in winter, thereby not only saving other foods, but affording the stock better foods and enabling each animal to produce more than from dry food.

Reasons for Keeping Sheep.

There are a number of reasons why sheep should be kept on every farm, whatever the prices may be for wool or mutton. Sheep should be kept in time of low prices because the low prices will not always exist, but are likely at any time to take an upward trend. When that time comes the people will be found clamoring for mutton, which they learned to eat in a time of low prices. When the rise comes, the number of sheep being marketed will suddenly fall off, as will also the number to be had of breeders. You will then be glad that you kept enough of the old flocks to enable the expansion of the new flocks.

Sheep should be kept because there are many wild grasses on nearly every farm that will be eaten to best advantage by the sheep. They have no butter or milk to be tainted and rejected by the market for that reason. A lot of sheep running in the cow pasture might reduce the weeds to such an extent that much of the bad effect on the butter would be avoided.

Sheep cannot be dispensed with, for the reason that they provide meat in small parcels, each one of which may be disposed of before it suffers from the effects of decay. Every farmer can thus provide himself a constant supply of meat that can be equaled only by his poultry. The two make an agreeable addition to the larder.

Sheep should be kept in large quantities for the public good. If the present rate of depletion be allowed to go on, there will come a time when we must import a considerable amount of our mutton, and the money thus going out annually will tend, by so much, to keep the balance of the trade against us.

Airy Flittings.

Don't despair so long as the ice holds out.

The mandolin is the summer veranda fad.

Linen gowns grow more numerous every day.

A new skirt is five and three-quarter yards wide.

The most vivid tones are noted in wall papers.

Trimmed skirts are assuredly winning their way.

Women pin from left to right, men from right to left.

The value of the cucumber as a cosmetic cannot be too highly estimated.

Ram's Horns.

Men do not have to commit all known crimes to miss heaven. It is lost by having nothing heavenly in the heart.

When the devil knows that a man is kinder to his mule than he is to his wife he likes to hear him talk in church.

The devil would have been whipped long ago if he had not always been able to find something good to hide behind.

It sometimes takes a moderate drinker a long while to find out that the devil's claws have been run through him.

Instead of praying for their daily bread some men tell the Lord what kind of weather is needed to make a wheat crop—Ram's Horn.

A man stepping into a bicycle restaurant one day said: "I see you advertise to supply cyclists with necessary parts to replace those lost or damaged by accident." "Yes, sir," said the general dealer in "dedicated death." "Well," said the man, taking out his memorandum, "please give me two fingers and a thumb for a gentle man of fifty, a decent sort of a nose for a girl of nineteen, a left leg for my mother-in-law, two ribs for myself—and say, just send a man up and measure my wife for a broken neck. She hasn't got it yet, but she'll get there."—Ex.

Items Gleaned from the Lumber District.

People who used to buy tile and lumber of the old-time 500 per centers, and mortgage their farm to pay the bill, will be glad to learn that The Glazier Stove Co. have made a big hole in the old-time prices, by not charging for the holes in the tile.

The best Marblehead Kelley Island lime, 59 cents per barrel, of the Glazier Stove Co.

The Glazier Stove Co. will make prices on coal this season that will make the old-time 500 per center kick worse than ever, and make him think of the "Kold Winters" of the past—KOLD, extremely KOLD for the people who helped him pocket a cool five thousand dollars profit on KOAL each season.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling good roof boards at \$7.50 per thousand.

Shingles, all grades at prices which make the old-time 500 per center kick and long for a return of the good old days, when 500 per cent (payable in wheat, wool or mortgage) was pocketed with ease.

Water lime, the very best, in bushel bags, 29 cents, of the Glazier Stove Co. What have you been paying for it?

You would never have been compelled to place that mortgage upon your farm if you had always been able to buy lumber, tile, coal and builders' supplies at the rate of profit at which The Glazier Stove Co. are now selling this line of goods.

Good bevel siding, \$8.00 per thousand, of the Glazier Stove Co. 500 per center's old-time price \$40.00 for the same stock.

Tile at right prices of the The Glazier Stove Co. No charge for the holes.

The Glazier Stove Co. are selling first-class white pine boards at \$10.00 per thousand. You paid 500 per center \$40.00 for the same thing many a time before we punctured his balloon with our underbuy, undersell prices.

A New Means of Locomotion.

Just about the time that everybody gets a bicycle the flying machine problem will have been so perfectly solved that the rank and file of humanity will be able to propel themselves through the air and travel about without coming in contact with the earth, for those who know declare that the principles of the flying machine are so thoroughly worked out that nothing remains but a little mechanical adaptation to put the thing in practice. It is almost too much to believe that the flying machine will become general. Indeed, there are many who think it will be a disastrous day if it ever becomes as common as the bicycle.

Dog Owners Take Warning.

I shall shoot every dog found running at large contrary to law.

RUSH GREEN,
Marshal.

August 4th, 1896.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Stimson.

Ordinance No. 21.

AN ORDINANCE relative to water works. WHEREAS, The President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea, in the State of Michigan, have by resolution declared it expedient to have constructed works for the purpose of supplying said Village of Chelsea and the inhabitants thereof with water, and that it is inexpedient for said village to build such works; and

WHEREAS, Frank P. Glazier, a citizen of Chelsea, proposes to build and maintain a good system of water works for the use of said village, and the inhabitants thereof, for a reasonable consideration or rental, for a period of ten years; and

WHEREAS, It has become the duty of the Common Council of this village to grant to said Frank P. Glazier such right to the use of the streets, sidewalks, lanes, alleys and public grounds in such village as shall be necessary to enable said Glazier to construct and maintain the proper works, water mains and reservoirs for the supply of water, for the use of this village and its inhabitants; and

WHEREAS, the said Frank P. Glazier has made and executed with the Common Council of this village a contract, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of August, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, whereby the said Glazier agrees to furnish pure spring or well water for the use of said village, and for the use of its inhabitants,

for fire protection, for drinking and all domestic purposes, upon the terms and conditions in said contract mentioned; therefore

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea, in Michigan:

That the exclusive right and privilege of executing and constructing water works within the village, and of laying and continuing water pipes along and across any and all of the streets, sidewalks, lanes, alleys and public grounds in said village, and the maintaining of supply wells for furnishing pure spring or well water, upon Main and North streets adjacent to the Chelsea Electric Light Company's power house, for the use of said village and its inhabitants, be and is hereby granted and secured to the said Frank P. Glazier for a period of ten years from the commencement of said service, upon the conditions and under the restrictions in such contract mentioned, so long as said Glazier shall continue to supply wholesome water for said village, and the inhabitants thereof, and shall comply with the restrictions and conditions of such contract.

All ordinances, or parts of ordinances, conflicting herewith are hereby repealed.

The contract is as follows, to-wit:

THE CONTRACT.

Articles of agreement made this twenty-fourth day of August, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, between the President, Clerk and Board of Trustees of the Village of Chelsea, Michigan, parties of the first part, and Frank P. Glazier, of said village, party of the second part, witnesseth:

The party of the second part hereby agrees and contracts with the parties of the first part to build, erect, construct and complete, in the Village of Chelsea, in the State of Michigan, a system of water works, on the reservoir and pumping plan, sufficient to afford ample supply of pure spring or well water for use in cases of fire and for drinking and domestic purposes. The party of the second part shall maintain at all times within the mains of said water works (time for necessary repairs and other unavoidable interruptions excepted) an ample supply of water and of sufficient pressure to throw the water upon the roof of any building in said village along the lines of the water mains, or within one hundred feet of any hydrant, for use in subduing fires, and shall keep up steam and provide an engineer at all hours to act promptly in case of fire. The party of the second part shall lay mains of suitable capacity from the reservoirs at the electric light plant, and from wells or springs near same, to Main street, thence along Main street to Summit street, also connecting branches from Grant street on the west to Polk street on the east, along Middle street, and erect at such points as the Board of Trustees of said village shall direct eight first-class suitable hydrants.

The said water works shall be constructed in a first-class manner, well adapted for all of these requirements of the charter, the ordinance authorizing the same, and of this contract, full, efficient and ready to respond at all times, unavoidable accidents excepted; provided, however, in case of a temporary failure to supply such water for a period of one week, all compensation shall cease until works are again in operation under this contract. The parties of the first part shall have the right to use the water to test their hose and to afford them a reasonable practice for their firemen.

The said water works shall be completed and water turned on for general use on or before the first day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, and this contract shall continue and be in force for ten years from the date and commencement of said service. For the service and continued supply of water as above specified, for fire purposes, the parties of the first part agree to pay the party of the second part ninety-one dollars and twenty-five cents per calendar month, payable monthly, and when further hydrants shall be established, by direction of the parties of the first part, said parties shall pay to the party of the second part three and one-half dollars per calendar month for each additional hydrant service. Similar hydrants on the same terms and conditions shall be put in on the line of said water pipes, on the public streets, at the request of private parties and at their expense of maintenance.

The said party of the second part shall lay, at his own expense, a surface pipe to the proper line of the curb stone for all persons that may make application for water. The party of the second part shall extend the pipes, mains or branches herein specified beyond the above specified limit or route whenever in their judgment it is required by the inhabitants and approved by the Village Council, and for every seven hundred feet so laid in such extension the party of the

second part shall erect and maintain one hydrant on such part of such extension as the parties of the first part shall direct; and for each hydrant so maintained the party of the second part shall receive therefor payment at the rate of three and one-half dollars per month, payable as above stated. The party of the second part shall furnish at all times (accidents and unavoidable delays excepted) a sufficient supply of water for all purposes to the inhabitants of the Village of Chelsea, along the lines of their water pipes, as above stated, when requested so to do by such inhabitants, at reasonable rates, and not exceeding in amount the average sums paid by inhabitants of other villages in Michigan, similarly situated and of like population and supplied by private companies.

The party of the second part shall furnish such water, as aforesaid, for manufacturing companies on similar reasonable charges. The said first parties shall not allow the water to be used, or in use, to run unnecessarily to waste from said public hydrants, nor water to be taken from public hydrants for private use.

The parties of the first part do hereby grant to the party of the second part the right to lay pipes as above provided for water supply in any and all streets and alleys of the Village of Chelsea, said Glazier leaving the surface in as good condition as before the ground was broken.

The parties of the first part shall not grant such rights to any other party or parties until such time as the parties of the first part may purchase said water works, or said second party shall have lost his rights and privileges by forfeiture, limitation, or his failure to perform his part of this contract.

The parties of the first part shall have the right to purchase the entire water works at any time they choose, and if the parties hereto cannot agree on the price to be paid therefor, the Judge of the Supreme court of Michigan shall be requested to appoint three commissioners, and provided he should fail to do so, a board of arbitration shall be appointed in the usual way, whose duties it shall be to award the price to be paid therefor, and said amount shall be binding on both parties. The grant to the party of the second part of the rights and privileges herein named is established by an ordinance of the said parties of the first part, duly adopted.

This contract is hereby declared binding upon the legal representatives of the respective parties.

Any part of the contract heretofore made between the parties hereto that conflicts herewith is hereby modified to correspond with this contract.

In witness whereof the parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and affixed their corporate seal, the day and year first above written.

W. P. SCHECK, President.
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

The party of the second part has hereunto set his hand and affixed his seal.

FRANK P. GLAZIER.

This ordinance shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved August 24, 1896.
W. P. SCHECK, President.
JOHN B. COLE, Clerk.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centers in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or \$1.00 per bottle at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

Markets.

Chelsea, Aug. 27, 1896.	
Eggs, per dozen	09c
Butter, per pound	09c
Oats, per bushel	18c
Corn, per bushel	20c
Wheat, per bushel	60c
Potatoes, per bushel	25c
Apples, per bushel	20c
Onions, per bushel	50c
Beans, per bushel	60c

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Michael Wade, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of George W. Turnbull, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 17th day of November, and on the 17th day of February next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated August 17, 1896.
HIRAM PIERCE,
JOHN J. WOOD, } Commissioners.

THE OLDEST AND THE BEST

Cough-cure, the most prompt and effective remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. As an emergency medicine, for the cure of Croup, Sore Throat, Lung Fever and Whooping Cough.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral cannot be equaled. E. M. BRAWLEY, D. D., Dis. Sec. of the American Baptist Publishing Society, Petersburg, Va., endorses it, as a cure for violent colds, bronchitis, etc. Dr. Brawley also adds: To all ministers suffering from throat troubles, I recommend

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Awarded Medal at World's Fair.

AYER'S PILLS Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Francis S. May, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the Township of Lyndon, in said County, on the 20th day of October, and on the 20th day of January next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, July 20th, 1896.
WILLIAM STOCKING,
JAMES BARTON, } Commissioners.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of payment of a certain mortgage made by George N. B. Renwick, of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan, to John W. Knight, guardian of Minnie C. Henley, as Ninna B. Henley, dated the 29th of September, 1883, and recorded in the Register's office of Washtenaw County in Volume 12 of Mortgages, page 571, on the 24th day of September, 1896, at 5 o'clock p. m., which mortgage was duly assigned by said John W. Knight to John W. Knight, Ann Dunn by deeds of assignment dated respectively the 27th day of September, 1896, and the 9th day of June, 1896, and recorded in the Register's office in Volume 12 of Assignments of Mortgages, on pages 268 and 269, on said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of two thousand and eighty-four dollars (\$2,084), principal and interest, and no proceedings at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount of said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 14th day of September next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County (that being the building in which the Circuit Court for said County is held), there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of said mortgage and the costs of this foreclosure. The premises be sold as aforesaid are described as follows: The east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 28, also the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of section 29, and all of that part of the east half of the west half of the southeast quarter of section 29 lying north of the territorial line so called, as it crosses said quarter section containing one hundred acres of land, more or less, all in the township of Salem, Washtenaw County, Michigan.

Dated June 16, 1896.
POLLY ANN DUNN,
Assignee of Mortgage.
THOMPSON & HARRIMAN,
Attorneys of Assignee.


Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 21st day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbit, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Anna Catharine Steinbach, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George Steinbach praying that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 21st day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, That the petitioners give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBIT, Judge of Probate.

(A true copy.)
WM. G. DUTY, Probate Register.



ONE DROPS RELIEF.
ills of humanity.
common every-day
cure: Cures the
ard Family Medi-
The modern stand-
R-I-P-A-N-S